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### **HAZ Anchor Channels - Introduction**

HMPR-CE Anchor channels are rolled steel sections with pressed studs that are used for connections made to concrete structures.

This system allows simple, fast and secure fixations to structures such as concrete slabs, beams and columns. HTB T head bolts and HMLN lock nuts are used to allow convenient connections on to anchor channels.

The use of this system is applicable in a wide range of construction works.

Features of HMPR-CE anchor channels are as follows:

 Designed in accordance with the design rules of EOTA TR 047 and DIN EN 1992-4:2019

• Allow users working with low edge distances.

• Load resistances can be improved by using higher concrete strength class on loading.

• Shear and tensile resistance in concrete can be improved with additional reinforcement.

HMPR-CE Anchor channels are manufactured by HAZ Metal A.S. in Turkey with engineering and product development provided from its sister company in Germany, HAZ Deutschland GmbH.

Since 2004 HAZ Metal has built an effective product development system to increase the integrity of its products and production procedures.

HMPR-CE channels have been tested in IFBT Leipzig in accordance to the EOTA guidelines and have received good results. The HMPR-CE anchor channels have been awarded an ETA certificate as well as German national approval.

HMPR-CE anchor channels are specified and manufactured according to the following Q&A principles:

Quality production with strict control according to European requirements.

• Periodic factory and production inspections carried out by third party authorized controlling body.

• Management and Service quality certified by ISO 9001:2015

• Euro code compatible design and product dimensioning using product selection software which is available upon request.

• Customized design & engineering is made in accordance to Eurocodes by HAZ Metal Technical department according to Eurocodes for offering solutions to meet special product requirements.





CE marking & (DoP) Declaration of Performance



High Fire Resistance



EUROPEAN Organisation for Technical Assessment

ETA European Technical Assessment ETA-17/0549 & ETA-20/0698



ISO 9001:2008 certified

- HAZ Channel selection software.
- Determination of load capacity with the HAZ dimensioning program

 Based on the EOTA design rule TR 047 and DIN EN 1992-4



• HMPR Cold rolled anchor channels

• HMPR-S Toothed, cold rolled anchor channels

• HMPR-H Hot rolled anchor channels

### **HAZ** Anchor Channels - Introduction



#### **Applications**

Anchor channels are widely used for the installation of curtain walls. Unitised panels with materials such as glass and natural stone already incorporated are pre-assembled in to the curtain wall panels. These panels are erected to the buildings elevation and are quickly and easily fixed on to the anchor channels using T head bolts and special brackets.



Anchor channels are used for a variety of construction applications which require attachments made on to concrete. Pipe and duct installation and the installation of electrical wiring are the most common applications that are made using anchor channels.



#### Advantages

- No drilling on site
- Quick and easy fixingFixing without damaging
- concrete
- Adjustable and flexible
- Safe near edges on
- concrete
- High load capacity
- Fixing without electrical tools
- Safe and secure fixing
- No dust particles falling onto facade
- No electricity neededEasy connections with T
- head bolts and lock nuts
  Compensation of tolerances
- of the structure
- Fixtures are removable and new fixing can be made

#### Planning

Careful planning needs to be done prior to concrete casting. Anchor channel types should be determined according to the load capacities, edge distances, area of applications etc. Anchor channel positioning should be incorporated in to the shop drawings of the form works in order to provide clear instructions for installation on site.

Brick walls are installed using special support brackets that are fixed on to the anchor channels using T head bolts. A continuous anchor channel embedded into the concrete wall provides high adjustability and enables quick installation of the masonry brackets. Anchor channels cover the load capacity requirements for the brickwork installation.



The prefabricated concrete industry is among the fastest growing fields within the construction industry. The use of anchor channels enhance the fast and economical solutions that are offered using prefabricated concrete panels. Speed and security are the benefits of using anchor channels.



### **ETA - European Technical Assessment**

#### European Technical Assessment ETA

In June 2013 HMPR-CE anchor channels have been certified with an ETA certificate from DIBT (German Institute of Building Technology). HMPR-CE anchor channels are Euro code compatible that can be designed and dimensioned according to EOTA TR 047 and DIN EN 1992-4:2019 with the approved loadings in the HAZ ETA assessment. The channels that are dimensioned according to EOTA TR 047 and DIN EN 1992-4:2019 are distinguished with a code HMPR-CE and the products are stamped with the CE marking.

The ETA approval includes thorough specifications on internal and third party quality control of an on-going production. Therefore quality assurance is in place to be certain that the quality of the HMPR-CE channels correspond with the samples tested during the approval procedure.

# European Standard EOTA TR 047 and DIN EN 1992-4:2019

The European EOTA standard has been implemented for the purpose of standardising the dimensioning of fastenings used for concrete structures. Any connections in to concrete such as anchor bolts and anchor channels are regulated with this standard.

CEN/ TS standards committee for the Design of fastenings for concrete was founded in 2000. In 2009 the set of regulations were published as CEN/TS 1992-4. This technical specification document is treated as a preliminary standard with an objective to turn in to a European standard. With the publication of this standard a representation of advanced fixing technology is used in practice.

## Benefits of using HMPR-CE Anchor Channels

A comprehensive test program is conducted on the products in accordance to the new guidelines of ETA. Channels are wet tested to consider failure loads on channels, studs and concrete in various situations such as load direction and reduced edge distances.

With the resistance loads derived from extensive testing, greater flexibility is achieved in the design of connections into concrete. Regarding whether the concrete is reinforced or non-reinforced, cracked or uncracked, load carrying connections can be provided. Therefore numerous options are achieved which influence the results. These values can be used to achieve the most economic and effective solution for the application at hand.

The advantages of the HMPR-CE channels can be summarized as below:

- · Possibility to consider various concrete strength classes
- Recognizing reinforcement when designing the location of the anchor channel
- Highest cost effectiveness in choosing the most effective selection
- · Small edge distances are possible with verified loadings
- Increased loads with additional or closely positioned reinforcements
- Optimised design by taking into account concrete strength, reinforcement lay out and component thickness

#### ETA - European Technical Assessment

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The European Technical Assessment ETA- 17/0549 for the HMPR-CE Anchor Channels was issued by the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik (DIBt) in 2019. This new assessment is valid on all states of Europe.

This ETA catalogue includes the dimensioning of the anchor channels in accordance with the new European standards series EOTA TR 047 and DIN EN 1992-4:2019 "Design of fastenings for use in concrete - Anchor Channels".







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## **Product Verification Method according to ETA**

### EOTA TR 047 and DIN EN 1992-4:2019

EOTA TR 047 and DIN EN 1992-4:2019 lays down a newly developed method for the design and dimensioning of anchor channels. The verification guideline is shown in the following table.

Verifications	Verifications for HMPR-CE anchor channels acc. to EOTA TR 047 and DIN EN 1992-4:2019								
	Tension Loading			Shear Loading					
Failure Mode			Failure Mode						
	Anchor	$N^{a}_{Ed} \leq N_{Rd,s,a}$		Anchor	V <sup>a</sup> <sub>Ed</sub> ≤ ∜ <sub>Rd,s,a</sub>				
	Connection between anchor and channel	$N^{a}_{Ed} \leq N^{a}_{Rd,s,c}$	Steel Failure	Connection between anchor and channel	V <sup>a</sup> <sub>Ed</sub> ≤ ∜ <sub>Rd,s,c</sub>				
Steel Failure	Local flexure of channel lip	$N_{Ed} \leq N_{Rd,s,l}$		Local flexure of channel lip	$V_{Ed} \leq \vartheta_{Rd,s,l}$				
	Special screw	$N_{Ed} \leq N_{Rd,s,s}$		Special screw	$V_{Ed} \leq \vartheta_{Rd,s,s}$				
Flexure of channel		$M_{Ed} \leq M_{d,s,flex}$	Pry-out failure		$V_{Ed} \leq \sqrt[q]{Rd,cp}$				
Pull-out failure		N <sup>a</sup> <sub>Ed</sub> ≤ N <sub>kd,p</sub>	Concrete edge	failura	Va - va				
Concrete cone	failure	$N^{a}_{Ed} \leq N_{d,c}$	Concrete edge failure $V^a_{Ed} \le \vartheta_{Rd,C}$						

\* On verification table,  $N_{Ed}$  and  $V_{Ed}$  loads represent design tensile and shear loads of channels which act on the bolt, while  $N^{a}_{Ed}$  and  $V^{a}_{Ed}$  are the loads that result on studs of the channel.

\* All proofs of failure types should be checked acc. to verification table.

#### **Dimensioning Software**

The new HAZ CCP (Anchor Channel Calculation Program) for calculating HAZ Anchor channels with rules of European Technical Assessment (ETA) is a convenient and very powerful tool for users.

With this program, users will be able to design channels in a few seconds concerning with various parameters such as concrete grade, small edge distances, additional reinforcements, loads types and so on. That would require an optimum design for the user.



## **HAZ** Anchor Channels - Product Range

Cold rolled anchor channels - applicaple for static loads



HMPR Cold rolled channels are suitable to withstand static loads. HMPR-S toothed channels are suitable to resist longitudinal loads when used with toothed t head bolts. The range available can cover resistance loads ( $^{N}$ Rd = $^{V}$ Rd) between 7,2 kN and 50,5 kN. Channels are available in stainless steel 1.4301 & 1.4401 and hot dip galvanised mild steel 1.0038 & 1.0976 (S235 JR &

Anchor Channel Product Code	HMPR-CE 72/49	HMPR-CE 54/33	HMPR-CE 49/30	HMPR-CE 40/25	HMPR-CE 38/17	HMPR-CE 28/15	HMPR-S-CE 41/22
Channel Section	72/49	54/33	49/30	40/25	38/17	28/15	41/22
Load Capacity (kN) N <sub>Rd</sub> = V <sub>Rd</sub> <b>Steel</b> / <i>Stainless steel</i>	<b>45</b> / 50.5	<b>41.67</b> / <i>36.6</i>	<b>17.2</b> / 25	<b>12.2</b> / 15	<b>10.5</b> / <i>12.2</i>	<b>7.2</b> / 8.3	<b>7.27</b> / 11.77
Channel Flexure (Nm) Steel / <i>Stainless steel</i> <sup>M</sup> Rd,s,flex	<b>9868</b> / <i>6408</i>	<b>2832</b> / 2696	<b>1646</b> / <i>1600</i>	<b>1179</b> / 911.3	<b>517.4</b> / <i>566.1</i>	<b>303.5</b> / <i>302.6</i>	<b>420</b> / <i>299.13</i>

T Head Bolt Product Code		HAZ-HS HTB-72			HAZ-HS HTB-50			HAZ-HS HTB-50			HAZ-HS HTB-40			HAZ-HS HTB-38			HAZ-HS HTB-28			2-HS •S-41
Metric Size	M20	M24	M30	M12	M16	M20	M12	M16	M20	M10	M12	M16	M10	M12	M16	M8	M10	M12	M12	M16
T.Bolt min spacing (mm) S <sub>slb</sub>	100	120	150	60	80	100	60	80	100	50	60	80	50	60	80	40	50	60	60	80

## **HAZ Anchor Channels - Product Range**

Anchor channels - applicaple for static & fatigue loads



HMPR Hot rolled channels are suitable to with stand dynamic loads as well as static loads. HMPR-P Hot rolled "powered" channels are a new version product with stronger and longer pressed studs that are tested and certified for use under dynamic loading. These channels are available in hot dip galvanized mild steel finish 1.0038 (S235JR). A new and patented cold rolled channel type HMPR 40/26P that certified for dynamic loads is also available to offer an economic option. The HMPR 40/26P channel is available in stainless steel as well as Hot dip galvanized mild steel finish 1.0038 (S235JR).

Anchor Channel Product Code	HMPR-CE 52/34	HMPR-CE 50/30	HMPR-CE 40/22	HMPR-CE 52/34P	HMPR-CE 50/30P	HMPR-CE 40/22P	HMPR-CE 40/26P
Channel Section (mm)	52/34	50/30	40/22	52/34P	50/30P	40/22P	40/26P
Load Capacity (kN) <sup>N</sup> Rd = <sup>V</sup> Rd <b>Steel</b> / Stainless steel	29.77	17.67	12.61	28.66	22.33	13.22	<b>12.66 /</b> <i>14.77</i>
Channel Flexure (Nm) Steel / Stainless steel <sup>M</sup> Rd,s,flex	2440	2704	1261	2440	2704	1261	<b>1260</b> / 911

T Head Bolt Product Code		HAZ-HS HTB-50			HAZ-HS HTB-50			HAZ-HS HTB-40			HAZ-HS HTB-50			HAZ-HS HTB-50			HAZ-HS HTB-40			HAZ-HS HTB-40		
Metric size	M12	M16	M20	M12	M16	M20	M10	M12	M16	M12	M16	M20	M12	M16	M20	M10	M12	M16	M10	M12	M16	
T.Bolt min spacing (mm) S <sub>slb</sub>	60	80	100	60	80	100	50	60	80	60	80	100	60	80	100	50	60	80	50	60	80	

## **Standard Lengths**

### Standard Channel Lengths

The list of the standard product range is showed on the table in accordance with European Technical Approval requirements. Other lengths and anchor numbers can be supplied depending on request.

For further information please contact us.

Product	Length R	Length Range of HAZ HMPR-CE Anchor Channels - Length / Number of Anchors											
Cold Rol	lled Anch	or Channe	els for Sta	tic Loads			Anchor	Channels	for Fatigu	e & Statio	: Loads		
HMPR-CE 72/49	HMPR-CE 54/33	HMPR-CE 49/30	HMPR-CE 40/25	HMPR-CE 41/22	HMPR-CE 38/17	HMPR-CE 28/15	HMPR-CE 52/34	HMPR-CE 50/30	HMPR-CE 40/22	HMPR-CE 52/34P	HMPR-CE 50/30P	HMPR-CE 40/22P	HMPR-CE 40/26P
170/2	170/2	150/2	150/2	150/2	100/2	100/2	170/2	150/2	150/2	170/2	150/2	150/2	150/2
200/2	200/2	200/2	200/2	200/2	150/2	150/2	200/2	200/2	200/2	200/2	200/2	200/2	200/2
250/2	250/2	250/2	250/2	250/2	200/2	200/2	250/2	250/2	250/2	250/2	250/2	250/2	250/2
300/2	300/2	300/2	300/2	300/2	250/2	250/2	300/2	300/2	300/2	300/2	300/2	300/2	300/2
350/2	350/3	350/3	350/3	350/3	300/3	300/3	350/3	350/3	350/3	350/3	350/3	350/3	350/3
450/3	400/3	400/3	400/3	400/3	350/3	350/3	400/3	400/3	400/3	400/3	400/3	400/3	400/3
650/3	550/3	550/3	550/3	550/3	450/3	450/3	550/3	550/3	550/3	550/3	550/3	550/3	550/3
970/4	820/4	800/4	800/4	800/4	550/4	550/4	820/4	800/4	800/4	820/4	800/4	800/4	800/4
	1070/5	1050/5	1050/5	1050/5	850/5	850/5	1070/5	1050/5	1050/5	1070/5	1050/5	1050/5	1050/5
	3070/13	3050/13	3050/13	3050/13	1050/6	1050/6	3070/13	3050/13	3050/13	3070/13	3050/13	3050/13	3050/13
	6070/25	6050/25	6050/25	6050/25	3050/16	3050/16	6070/25	6050/25	6050/25	6070/25	6050/25	6050/25	6050/25
					6050/31	6050/31							
130≤Ss≤ 400		100 ≤ S	Ss ≤ 250		50 ≤ S	Ss ≤ 200			1	00 ≤ Ss ≤	250		
Ss = Anch	nor spacing												

#### Standard short length channels

Short lenght channels are available from 100 mm to 950 mm with stud quantities and spacings according to the table above.



#### Standard long length channels

Long length channels are supplied in 1050, 3030 and 6070 mm lengths with varying stud spacings according to section type of the channel.



### Types of round anchors studs

Туре	Anchor	Shaft d1	Head d2	min hef
		(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
	28/15	6	12	45
	38/17	8	16	76
	40/25	8	16	79
Round Studs	49/30	10	20	94
spu	54/33	12	24	155
Rou	72/49	16	32	179
	40/22	8	16	76
	50/30	10	20	94
	52/34	12	24	156
S	40/22P	10	20	91
PR Stud	50/30P	12	24	106
HMPR Round Studs	52/34P	14	28	156
Вс	40/26P	10	20	94



## **Anchor Spacings & Minimum Edge Distances**

### Anchor stud spacings

In order to meet the resistance loads, anchor stud spacings should be positioned according to the tables below.

Angless	Anc Spa	cing	End Spacing (x)	Min. Effect. Embed. hef	
Anchor Channel	smin	smax	round anchor	round anchor	
			(mm	1)	
28/15	50	200	25	45	
38/17	50	200	25	76	
40/25	100	250	25	79	
41/22	100	250	25	79	
49/30	100	250	25	94	
50/30	100	250	35	35	
50/30	100	250	35	35	
54/33	100	250	35	35	
52/34	100	250	35	35	
72/49	130	400	35	35	
40/22P	100	250	25	25	
50/30P	100	250	35	35	
52/34P	100	250	35	35	
40/26P	100	250	25	25	

Side view



Plan view



### Minimum edge distances

Depending on the type of the channels, anchors studs must be positioned at a minimum distance from the component edges.

The minimum spacings of the T head bolts must be adhered to according to the table below.



									40/22	P & 4	0/26P	50/30P			50/30P					
Anchor Chan	Anchor Channel			28/15			38/17			40/25 & 40/22			49/30 & 50/30			54/33 & 52/34			72/49	
Special screws	М		8	10	12	10	12	16	10	12	16	12	16	20	12	16	20	20	24	30
Min. spacing of screws	Ss,min	1_	40	50	60	50	60	80	50	60	80	60	80	100	60	80	100	100	120	150
Min. anchorage dept	min hef	[mm]		45			76			79			94			155			179	
Min. edge distance	C <sub>min</sub>			40		50			50 75					100			150			
Min. member thickness	hmin									het	+th	+ Cn	om					-		

### **Installation Details & Section Views**

#### Installation of the anchor channels

The correct and safe use of the anchor channel can be guaranteed according to the following installation conditions:

• The installation of the anchor channels must be made with competent and experienced persons.

• Installation must be made with the manufacturers specifications and drawings.

• Fixing on the form work must be done tightly. No movement of the channels should occur during laying of reinforcement bars. Pouring, compacting of the concrete should not effect the position of the anchor channels.

• The concrete under the head of the anchor channels must be properly compacted

• Size and positioning of the T head bolts must correspond to the specification and drawings

• Setting torques of the T head bolts must not be exceeded





#### **Typical Section Views**

#### Legend:

h<sub>ch</sub> Channel Height

b<sub>ch</sub> Width of Channel

h<sub>ef</sub> Anchorage Depth



## **Anchor Channel Marking & Material Grades**

### Marking

Marking of the HAZ - anchor channel : e.g. HAZ 54/33 - A4

HAZ	= Identifying mark of the manufacturer
54/33	= Size

A4 = Material

Marking of the HAZ - special screw e.g. HS A4-70

HS & HAZ = Identifying mark of the manufacturer A4-70 = Material / Strength grade





Marked inside of channel

Stainless Steel & Mild Steel Material of channels:

A2 = 1.4301

A4 = 1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{HDG} = 1.0038 \ \text{/1.0044} \\ \text{Hot dip Galvanized} \\ \text{coating thickness} \ \geq 50 \ \mu\text{m} \end{array}$ 

Material	/ Strength grade special screws:
4.6	= Strength grade 4.6

- 8.8 = Strength grade 8.8
- A4-50 = Stainless steel (1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571) Strength grade - 50
- A4-70 = Stainless steel (1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571) Strength grade - 70
- A4-70 = Stainless steel (1.4362 / 1.4462) Grade 70

### Material Types

Materials and intended use							
	Dry conditions	Dry conditions Internal conditions with usual humidity		High corrosion exposure			
Specification	Material types required for use in structures subject to dry internal conditions with the exception of usual humidity (e.g. accomodations, offices, schools, hospitals etc.)	Material types required for use in structures subject to internal conditions with usual humidity (e.g. kitchen, bath and laundry in residential buildings)	Material types required for use in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) or in permanently damp internal conditions.	Material types required for use in structures subject to exposure in particular aggressive conditions (e.g. immersion of sea water, chloride atmosphere) or atmosphere with chemical polution (e.g. in desulphurization plants)			
Channel material grade	Steel 1.0038;1.0044 EN 10025 hot-dip-galv ≥ 50 um	Steel 1.0038;1.0044 EN 10025 hot-dip-galv ≥ 50 um	Stainless steel 1.4401/1.4404/1.4571 1.4362, EN 10088	Stainless steel 1.4462/1.4529/1.4547 EN 10088			
Anchor material grade	Steel 1.0038;1.0214,1.0401 1.1132,1.5525 EN 10263 hot-dip-galv ≥ 50 um	Steel 1.0038;1.0214,1.0401 1.1132,1.5525 EN 10263 hot-dip-galv ≥ 50 um	Stainless steel 1.4401/1.4404/1.4571 1.4362, EN 10088	Stainless steel 1.4462/1.4529/1.4547 EN 10088			
T head bolt material grade	Steel strength grade 8.8/4.6 EN ISO 898-1 e-galv ≥ 5 um	Steel strength grade 8.8/4.6 EN ISO 898-1 hot-dip-galv ≥ 50 um	Stainless steel 1.4401/1.4404/1.4571 1.4362, EN 3506-1	Stainless steel 1.4462/1.4529/1.4547 EN 3506-1			
Washer material grade	EN 10025 EN 10025		Stainless steel 1.4401/1.4404/1.4571 EN 10088	Stainless steel 1.4462/1.4529/1.4547 EN 10088			
Nut material grade	EN 20898-2 EN 20898-2		Stainless steel 1.4401/1.4404/1.4571 EN ISO 3506-2	Stainless steel 1.4462/1.4529/1.4547 EN ISO 3506-2			
1) Available on re	quest						

1) Available on request

2) Steel acc. to EN 10025, 1.0038 not for anchor channels 28/15 and 38/17

3) Electroplated acc. to EN ISO 4042

4) Hot-dip galvanized on the basis of EN ISO 1461, and coating thickness  $\geq$  50 µm

## **T Head Bolts Dimensioning**

### Dimensions of the HAZ METAL Special Screws & Strength Grade



#### Dimensions of the HAZ METAL Special Screws:

			Length			
Anchor Channel	Fig.	b1	b2	k	Ø	I
			[m	m]		[mm]
28/15	1	10	23	4	8	15-200
20/15	1	10	23	5	10	20-300
	1	13	31	6	8	20-300
38/17	1	13	31	6	10	20-300
38/17	1	13	31	7	12	20-300
	1	13	31	7	16	20-300
40/22P	2	14	35	7,5	10	20-300
41/22 40/25	2	14	35	7,5	12	20-300
40/26P	2	14	34	8,5	16	20-300
49/30	2	13	43,3	10	10	20-300
50/30P	2	13	43,3	10	12	20-300
52/34P 54/33	2	17	43,3	11	16	20-300
54/33	2	21	43,3	12	20	30-300
	2	23	58	14	20	50-300
72/49	2	25	58	16	24	50-300
	2	31	58	20	30	50-300

Special Screws	Steel 1)		Stainless Steel	
Strength grade	4.6 8.8		A4-50	A4-70
f <sub>uk</sub> [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	400	800	500	700
f <sub>yk</sub> [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	240 640		210	450
Finish	z.p., h.d.g			

1) Materials according to Annex 3, Table 1



I erf Bolt length

- i Channel lip thickness
- t fix Fixture thickness
- s Washer thickness
- V Minimum thread length

• The length of the T bolt must be determined using the formula (L erf =tfix + i + s + v)

#### Dimensions V<sub>min</sub>

T head bolt Metric size	V <sub>min</sub> (mm)
M8	12.5
M10	14.5
M12	17.0
M16	20.5
M20	26.0
M24	29.0
M30	33.5

#### Dimensions of channel lip i

Anchor Channel	i (mm)
28/15	2.25
38/17	3.00
40/25	5.60
49/30	7.39
54/33	7.90
72/49	9.90

## **T head Bolts Load Properties**

T head bolts characteristic load values



T Hea	ad Bolt	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M30
	ure hole (mm)	9	12	14	18	22	26	33
	N Rd	7.3	11.6	16.9	31.4	49.0	70.6	112.2
4.6	V <sub>Rd</sub>	4.3	6.9	12.1	22.6	34.7	50.7	80.6
	M Rd	9.0	17.9	31.4	79.8	155.4	268.9	538.7
	N <sub>Rd</sub>	19.5	30.9	44.9	76.0	122.0	165.6	242.5
8.8	V <sub>Rd</sub>	11.7	18.6	27.0	50.2	78.4	99.2	145.6
	M <sub>Rd</sub>	24.0	47.8	84.0	213.0	415.4	718.4	1439.2
	N Rd	6.4	10.1	14.8	27.4	42.8	61.7	98.1
A4-50	V <sub>Rd</sub>	3.8	6.1	10.6	19.8	30.9	44.5	70.7
	M Rd	7.9	15.7	27.5	70.0	136.3	235.8	472.5
	N <sub>Rd</sub>	13.7	21.7	31.3	58.8	82.4	132.1	210.0
A4-70	V <sub>Rd</sub>	8.2	13.0	18.9	35.2	49.2	95.1	151.0
	M <sub>Rd</sub>	16.8	33.5	58.8	149.4	291.3	503.7	1009.2

### Minimum spacing and setting torque of T head bolts



General: The fixture is braced to the concrete and channel respectively. The stated torque values must not be exceeded.



Steel to steel: The fixture is braced to channel with use of a suitable washer. The stated torque values must not be exceeded.

Cast-in	THood	T Head T bolt spacing		Setting Torque Tinst			
Channel Bolt Diameter		Ss,min	General	Steel-steel contact 8.8	Steel-steel contact A4-70		
	M8	40	8	20	20		
28/15	M10	50	13	40	40		
	M12	60	15	50	50		
	M10	50	15	40	40		
38/17	M12	60	25	70	70		
	M16	80	45	100	120		
10/225	M10	50	15	40	40		
40/22P 40/25	M12	60	25	70	70		
40/26P	M16	80	45	150	150		
	M12	60	25	70	50		
49/30 50/30P	M16	80	60	180	180		
	M20	100	75	90	190		
	M12	60	25	70	50		
52/34P 54/33	M16	80	60	180	180		
	M20	100	120	120	320		
	M20	100	120	360	-		
72/49	M24	120	200	360	-		
	M30	150	380	400	-		

### **Load Tables & Calculation Examples**

#### Single Loading



_		Minimum edge distance ar (mm)	nent n ss h	Resistance Load FRd (kN) Resultant load / Single Loads						
Channel Type	T Head bolt	Minimum edge dist ar (mm)	Component minimum thickness h (mm)		Chai	nnel length	L (mm) / n	o of ancho	r studs	
5 Å		Mir edç	Comp minim thickr (mm)	150 (2)	200 (2)	250 (2)	300 (2)	350 (2)	350 (3)	1050
28/15	M8,10,12	65	100	6.5	6.9	6	-	-	6.9	5.6
38/17	M12,16	100	130	10.5	10.5	10.3	-	-	10.5	8.3
40/25 41/22 40/22	M16	130	150	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	-	12.2	7.4
49/30 50/30	M16,20	195	180	17.2	17.2	17.2	17.2	-	17.2	9.3
54/33 52/34	M20	260	250	39.5	40.8	41.1	41.3	-	39.8	13.9
72/49	M24,30	325	300	-	44.8	44.9	44.9	44.9	-	17

Concrete grade 30/37

#### Pair Loading



_		Minimum edge distance ar (mm)	n n ss h			tance Load F tant loads / Pa		
Channel Type	T Head bolt	Minimum edge dist ar (mm)	Component minimum thickness h (mm)		Channel leng	th L (mm) / no	of anchor stude	5
Chan Type	나 다 다	Mir edg	Comp minim thickn (mm)	200 (2)	250 (2)	300 (2)	350 (2)	350 (3)
28/15	M8,10,12	65	100	4	-	4.3	-	4.3
38/17	M12,16	100	130	6.6	-	6.8	-	7.2
40/25 41/22 40/22	M16	130	150	8.6	8.8	-	-	9.2
49/30 50/30	M16,20	195	180	13	13.4	-	-	13.7
54/33 52/34	M20	260	250	20.9	21.3	-	-	21.5
72/49	M24,30	325	300	27.2	27.7	-	28.1	-
	Minimum t bolt spacing s min (mm)			100	125	125	150	150

Concrete grade 30/37

### Load arrangement



$$\begin{split} N_{Ed} &= \text{Design value of an action tensile load} \\ V_{Ed} &= \text{Design value of an action shear load} \\ F_{Ed} &= \text{Design value of an action resultant load} \\ F_{Ed} &= \sqrt{N_{Ed}^{2} + V_{Ed}^{2}} \end{split}$$

### Calculation examples

#### Example 1:

 $\begin{array}{lll} Tension & N_{Ed} = 5,0 \ kN \\ Shear & V_{Ed} = 4,0 \ kN \\ Resultant & F_{Ed} = \sqrt{5,0^2 + 4,0^2} = 6,4 \ kN \end{array}$ 

Chosen → HMPR-28/15-150: F<sub>Rd</sub> 6,5 kN

Single loading - long channels



#### Example 2:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Tension} & \text{N}_{\text{Ed}} = 10,5 \text{ kN} \\ \text{Shear} & \text{V}_{\text{Ed}} = \frac{0 \text{ kN}}{10,5^2 + 0^2} \\ \text{Resultant} & \text{F}_{\text{Ed}} = \sqrt{10,5^2 + 0^2} \\ \end{array} = 10,5 \text{ kN} \end{array}$ 

Chosen → HMPR-38/17-200: F<sub>Rd</sub> 10,5 kN

#### Example 3:

 $\begin{array}{lll} Tension & N_{Ed} = 0 \ kN \\ Shear & V_{Ed} = \frac{15,0 \ kN}{\sqrt{2} + 15,0^2} = 15,0 \ kN \end{array}$  Resultant  $F_{Ed} = \sqrt{0^2 + 15,0^2} = 15,0 \ kN$ 

Chosen → HMPR-49/30-200: F<sub>Rd</sub> 15,0 kN

## **HAZ Anchor Channels Dynamic Loads**

#### Fatigue resistance at lower limit of amplitude = 0

The fatigue resistance for loads with a load range where the lower limits of amplitude are equel to zero can be read directly from the S-N curve according to ETA-09/0338 for any number of load cycles.

#### Fatigue resistance $\Delta N_{Rd,0}$ [kN] 30 52/34P HDG 25 50/30P HDG 40/22P нDG 20 40/26P A2/A4 15 40/26P нос 10 5 0 104 105 106 2 x 10<sup>6</sup> 5 x 10<sup>6</sup> 108

### Fatigue resistance $\Delta N_{Rd,0}$ [kN]

Load	Characteristic fatigue limit resistance (n $\rightarrow \infty)$							
cycles	40/22P	40/26P	50/30P	52/34P	40/26P A2/A4			
≤ 10 <sup>4</sup>	13.3	8.2	18.1	26.6	12			
≤ 10⁵	6.6	2.7	9.4	15.6	4.2			
≤ 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.1	1.2	5.3	9.1	1.8			
$\leq 2 \times 10^{6}$	2.7	1.1	4.8	8.2	1.7			
$\leq 5 \text{ x } 10^{6}$	2.4	1.1	4.5	7.5	1.6			
≤ 10 <sup>8</sup>	2.3	1.1	4.2	7.0	1.6			

#### Combination of anchor channels and T-bolts for cyclic tensile stress

Profile	T-Bolts			
40/26P	M12	8.8, A4		
40/22P	M12	8.8		
50/30P	M16	8.8		
52/34P	M16	8.8		

#### FIRE EXPOSURE

#### Characteristic resistance under tension and shear load under fire exposure

Ar	nchor Channe	91		28/15	38/17	40/25 40/22 41/22 40/22P 40/26P	49/30 50/30 50/30P 54/33 52/34 52/34P	72/49
Channel Bolts $\geq$			[mm]	M12	M16	M16	M16	M16
Steel failure: Anchor, conn	ection chann	el/anchor, local	flexure of ch	nannel lips				
	R30	N		0.9	1.8	1.8	5.7	5.7
	R60	N <sub>Rk,s,fi</sub>	[kN]	0.7	1.5	1.5	4.2	4.2
	R90	= V <sub>Rk,s,fi</sub>	ואז	0.5	1.2	1.2	2.6	2.6
		0.4	1.1	1.1	1.8	1.8		
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Rk,s,fi</sub> 1)	[-]	1.0					

1) In absence of other national regulations





#### Multi-sided fire exposure



## **HAZ Anchor Channels Technical Summary**

							Cold	Rolle	d Cha	nnels	6									Toot	hed
Profiles			HMPF 72/49			/IPR-0 54/33			MPR-0 49/30			/IPR-C 40/25		Н	MPR-( 38/17		HMPR-CE 28/15			HMP 41/	-
Section View	v					54			49				25			17.11					
Material		A2	2/A4/H	DG	A2,	/A4/HI	DG	A2	/A4/H	DG	A2/	'A4/HE	DG	A2	/A4/HI	DG	A2	/A4/HI	DG	A2/A4	/HDG
Marking			HS			HS		F	IS/HA	Z	н	S/HAZ	Ζ	ŀ	IS/HA	Z	F	HS/HAZ		HS/ł	HAZ
Bolt Type			72			50			50			40		38			28		4	0	
Metric size		20	24	30	12	16	20	12	16	20	10	12	16	10	12	16	8	10	12	12	16
Bolt spacing S <sub>sib</sub> [mm]	I	100	120	150	60	80	100	60	80	100	50	60	80	50	60	80	50	60	80	60	80
					Des	ign R	esist	ance	Capa	cities	of Pr	ofiles	(Des	ign V	alues	)	1				
N <sub>Rd,s,l</sub> = N <sub>Rd,s,c</sub> [H Steel / Stainless s		45	5 / 50	).5	41.	7/3	6.6	17	7.2 / 2	25	12	<b>.2</b> / 1	5	10	.5 / 1	2.2	7.	<b>2</b> / 8.	.3	7.27 /	11.77
V <sub>Rd,s,I</sub> [kN] Steel / Stainless s	steel	45	5 / 50	).5	41.	7/3	6.6	17	7.2 / 2	25	12	. <b>2</b> / 1	15	10	.5 / 1	2.2	7.	<b>2</b> / 8.	.3	3 <b>7.27</b> / 11	
	HDG		9868			2832			1646			1179 517.4 303.5			42	0					
M <sub>Rd,s,flex</sub> [Nm]	St.St.		6408			2696			1600			911.3			566.1			302.6		299	.13
								1	Geon	netric	: Valu	es		1			1			1	
Channel widtl b <sub>ch</sub> [mm]	h		72			54			49			40			38			28		4	1
Channel heigh h <sub>ch</sub> [mm]	nt		49			33			30			25			17			15		22	2
Embedment de h <sub>nom</sub> [mm]	pth		182			157			96			81			78			47		72	2
Effective embedi h <sub>ef</sub> [mm]	ment		179			155			94			79			76			45		7(	D
Min. edge dista c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	nce	150 100			75			50		50		40		7!	5						
Min. member th h <sub>min</sub> [mm]	ick.	215 187 126						111			108			77		75	5				
														•							

 $N_{_{Rd,s,l}}$  = Design load for tension / pull out loads

 $V_{Rd,s,l}$  = Design load for shear loads

 $M_{Rd,s,flex}$  = Design load for flexure resistance of channel

## **HAZ Anchor Channels Technical Summary**

									Hot F	lolled	l Char	nnels									ld Ro hann																			
Profiles			HMPF 52/341			HMPF 50/301			HMPR 40/22P			HMPR 52/34			HMPR 50/30			HMPF 40/22			HMP 40/26																			
Section Vie	2W						30								30						25																			
Material			HDG			HDG			HDG			HDG			HDG			HDG			HDG																			
Marking			HS			HS		н	IS/HA	Z		HS			HS		F	IS/HA	Z	F	IS/HA	Z																		
Bolt Type	;		50			50			40			50		50		50		50		50		50		50		50		50		50		50		50		50			50	
Metric siz	e	12	16	20	12	16	20	10	12	16	12	16	20	12	16	20	12	16	20	12	16	20																		
Bolt spacir S <sub>sib</sub> [mm]	ıg	60	80	100	60	80	100	50	60	80	60	80	100	60	80 1	00	60	80	100	60	80	100																		
				1	Des	sign F	lesist	ance	Сарас	ities	of Pro	ofiles	(Des	ign Va	lues)																									
N <sub>Rd,s,I</sub> or N <sub>Rd,s,c</sub> Steel / Stainless		28	.66 /	-	22	.33 /	-	13	.22 /	-	29	.77 /	-	17.	.67 /	-	12	2.61 /	-	12.6	6 /	14.77																		
V <sub>Rd,s,c</sub> or V <sub>Rd,s,I</sub> Steel / Stainless		28	.66 /	' -	22	.33 /	' -	13	<b>.22</b> /	-	30	<b>).6</b> /	-	17.	17.67 / - 12.61 / -		12.7	7 /	15.00																					
	HDG		2440			2704			1261			2440			2704			1261			1260																			
M <sub>Rd,s,flex</sub> [Nm]	St.St.		-			-			-			-			-			-			911																			
	11								Geon	netric	Value	es		I						1																				
Channel wid b <sub>ch</sub> [mm]	lth		52			50			40			52			50			40			40																			
Channel heig h <sub>ch</sub> [mm]	ght		34			30			22			34			30			22			25																			
Embedment d h <sub>nom</sub> [mm]	epth		158			108			93			158			108			93			96																			
Effective ember h <sub>ef</sub> [mm]			155.5			106			91.2		L	155.5	;		106			91.2			94.2																			
Effective ember c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	dment		100			75			50		100		75			50			50																					
Min. member t h <sub>min</sub> [mm]	hick.	188         138         123         188         126         1				108			120																															

 $N_{_{Rd,s,l}}$  = Design load for tension / pull out loads

 $V_{Rd,s,l}$  = Design load for shear loads

 $M_{Rd,s,flex}$  = Design load for flexure resistance of channel

## **Dimensioning Principles**

#### Required information for channel selection

The information below is required to conduct a full analysis in order to select the most suitable channel for the application.

- Anchor channel type & Type of raw material
- Anchor channel length with number of studs and stud spacing distances
- Positioning of the cast in channel in the concrete component with exact edge distances of the channel on all directions
- Thickness of the concrete component and the strength class of the concrete
- Allocation & layout of reinforcement bars within in the concrete component
- Type and size of t head bolts and their numbers
- Fixture application dimensions & type of fixing whether top of slap or edge of slab
- Tensile and shear loadings on the fixture

### Verification areas when selecting an anchor channel

The assessment of the suitable anchor channel dimensions for the intended use with regards to the requirements of the mechanical resistance, stability the safety of the application is done by checking the following areas.

Verifications under tension loads	
1. Distribution of acting tension loads	
2. Steel failure - anchor stud	N <sub>Rk,s,a</sub>
3. Steel failure - t head bolt	N <sub>Rk,s,s</sub>
4. Steel failure - connection between channel & anchor stud	N <sub>Rk,s,c</sub>
5. Steel failure - local flexure of channel lips	N <sub>Rk,s,I</sub>
6. Steel failure - flexure resistance of channel	$M_{Rk,s,flex}$
7. Steel failure - trasnfer of setting torque into prestressing force	T <sub>inst</sub>
8. Concrete failure - pullout	N <sub>Rk,p</sub>
9. Concrete failure - concrete cone	N <sub>Rk,c</sub>
10. Concrete failure - splitting due to installation	$C_{_{\min}},S_{_{\min}},h_{_{\min}}$
11. Concrete failure - splitting due to loading	N <sub>Rk,sp</sub>
12. Concrete failure - blow out	N <sub>Rk,cb</sub>
13. Reinforcement	$N_{_{Rk,re}}$ , $N_{_{Rd,a}}$
14. Displacement under tension loads	σ <sub>N</sub>

Verifications under shear loads	Verifications under shear loads									
1. Distribution of acting shear loads										
2. Steel failure without lever arm - T head bolt	V <sub>Rk,s,s</sub>									
3. Steel failure without lever arm - flexure channel lips	V <sub>Rk,s,l</sub>									
4. Steel failure with lever arm	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>RK,s</sub>									
5. Concrete failure - pry out	VRk,cp									
6. Concrete failure - concrete edge	V <sub>Rk,c</sub>									
7. Reinforcement	V <sub>Rk,c,re</sub>									
8. Displacement under shear loads	σ,									

## **Methods of Verification Against Failures**

Anchor channel verification against steel breakout

- Correct channel selection by comparing allowable loads and applied loads
- Determination of the anchor loads from tensile loads and shear forces according to the load influence model verification of the connection between anchor and channel
- Arrangement of the bolts along the channels length



Breakout of T head bolt under tensile loading



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Breakout of chanel lips under tensile loading





Breakout of T head bolt under shear loading

Breakout due to flexure of channel

Breakout of channel lips under shear loading

### Concrete verification against failures

- Thickness of the concrete component
- Strength class of the concrete
- . Condition of the concrete, cracked or non cracked as a special case to be verified
- · Verification against concrete edge distance and channels spacings



Failure of concrete cone under tensile loading



Failure of concrete edge under shear loading



L

Pull out of channel from concrete under tensile loading



Failure of concrete pry out under shear loading





Splitting of concrete under tensile loading



Blow out of concrete under tensile & shear loading



## **Quality Assurance Control**

HAZ Metal readily embraces the responsibility of the business that it is in. The company has established a well planned quality management system and has been awarded the ISO 9001:2008 quality management certificate.

This system is a part of HAZ Metal's operations and there are no compromises in jeopardising the quality level of our products. The QAC department is staffed with knowledgeable and experienced engineers who are trained in the field and form the backbone of this operation.

The factory is equipped with testing machines which are used to conduct chemical and physical tests on all items that enter and exit the warehouse. The production is strictly controlled with periodic in house testing of both raw materials and finished products. This procedure is a part of our day to day operations in order to maintain the performance of HAZ products and to fulfil the safety requirements for use in the construction industry.



Testing procedures have been formulated and are implemented to make sure that the production of anchor channels meet the required standards.

#### Production

HAZ Metal produces anchor channels since 2001. Modern production lines, innovative tooling and controlled production results in reliable quality of its products.

#### Quality assurance

The quality assurance system developed by HAZ Metal forms the basis for all interests in the production that is certificated by safety standards authority German Institute TUV SUD for standardization EN ISO 9001:2008.

Our own department, consisting of specially qualified engineers, supervises every working step - in the production, as well as in the service area around the ISO 9001:2008 and the strict application of the total quality plan that is put through by HAZ management.

# Factory-owned production control

As a component of the mentioned measures to the quality assurance system, a factory owned test lab provides constant quality checks of the anchor channels. The finished products, as well as the raw materials are tested by a constant and uncompromising control system.

The factory-owned production control is directed with the strict guidelines for the protection of the quality after the test plan of the DIBT which is an obliging component of the universal appraisal licensing.

#### Supervision

An independent and authorized testing laboratory is appointed for the supervision of the production according to the licensing and the matching test plan of the DIBT. The anchor channels are marked after the certification of the independent testing institute which has awarded HAZ with the compliance mark (Ü sign).

HAZ Anchor channel testing procedure										
Process	Party	Location								
Production tests / export report	- Testing Lab.	Independent testing laboratory								
Approval	DIBt Berlin	German Construction supervisory board								
Factory production control	DIBt Test plan HAZ Production	Production plant Iskenderun Turkey								
External quality control	DIBt Test plan Testing Lab.	Production plant Iskenderun Turkey								
Certificate inspection mark	Testing Lab.	Independent testing								
HAZ Engineering technical service development	HAZ Production	Production plant Iskenderun Turkey								

#### External Testing - conducted by independent test laboratory



#### Internal Testing - conducted in house



## **HAZ** Anchor Channels - Installation Information

### Load Direction

#### **Tensile** loading

The loading acts within 150 degrees area towards the face of the channel. Any load acting within this area should be checked with the allowable tensile loads for each channel to choose the appropriate channel.

**Combined loading** 

appropriate channel



#### Shear loading

The loading acts within 15 degree angle towards the lower or upper face of the channel. Any load acting within this area should be checked with the allowable shear loads for each channel to choose the appropriate channel



### The combined loading is a combination of both tensile and shear loads. Correct calculation must be made in order to determine the acting load and choose the Resultant load

#### Longitudinal loading The loading acts along the length of the channel. Each channel has a limited longitudinal load capacity. For strong longitudinal loading a toothed channel must be used

#### Installation Instruction



1.) Anchor channels are fixed to form work after careful planning and positioning. Concrete is then cast in to the form work.



2.) After the concrete is cured, the filler inside the channel, set for the purpose of preventing concrete filling the channel's slot, is removed as shown.



3.) Connections to the cast in channels are made with T bolts and lock nuts. T bolts are inserted in to the channels horizontally and then turned right through 90 degrees. This locks them vertically in the channel.



4.) Fixtures are fastened with the T bolts and nuts as shown above. Correct loading and torque values need to be applied in accordance with the allowable loads of the channels and bolts.

## **HAZ Anchor Channels - Installation Information**

### Length Cutting on Site

Standard long lengths can be cut to size on construction sites according to the desired length. Care should be taken in making sure that the minimum distance of 25 mm between the studs and channel end should be met.



 An end anchor is available to be fixed at the end of the cut channel to avoid wastage.



# • Long lengths can be cut to size providing the X size is no less than 25 mm.

#### Attachment To Form Work

It is important to firmly attach the anchor channels on to form work. There are a few ways to execute this important procedure which is made onto wood and steel form work.

• Fixing onto wood form work using nails.



• Fixing onto steel form work using pop rivets.



### **Removing The Strip Filler**

Anchor channels are supplied with strip fillers within the open slot of the channels to prevent concrete ingress. This strip filler is removed as shown after the concrete is cured.



Fixing onto wood form work using staples.



• Fixing onto steel form work using T bolts.



### **Connections To Channels**

Fixtures are attached on to the anchor channels with T head bolts and lock nuts. There are suitable types for each Anchor channel section.

Fixing T bolts into channels.



### Adjustability

T bolts are suitable to be inserted at the desired point along the length of the channel. Fixing is done by turning the T bolt 90 degrees clockwise and by tightening the nut. The correct torque values must be applied when tightening the nuts. T bolts must not be located beyond the last stud which is 25 mm from the end of the channel.



• Suitable T bolts can be inserted at desired point and adjusted easily along the length of the channel.





25 mm

• To ensure correct installation of the T bolt the notch at the end of the shank must be checked.

• T bolts must not be positioned beyond the last stud on the channel.

## **Special Types of Anchor Channels**

#### Anchor Channels With Reinforcement Studs

Anchors can be manufactured out of reinforcement studs for special applications, particularly fixings in the edge of thin slabs. These channels have higher pull out and combined loads. Due to these qualities these channels are preferred for use in the fixing of curtain walls on to reinforced concrete beams.





#### **Channels With Special Fabricated Elements**

Special anchor channel manufacturing can be done according to the requirements of the project. Local testing as well as in house testing can me completed to safe check the load capacities of the special anchor channels.





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## **Special Types of Anchor Channels**

### **Curved Anchor Channels**

Channels can be easily curved to an internal or external radius (lips inward or lips outward). Curves on elevations, such as brick arch details, which require special care, can be accommodated with these types of channels.





Ra : Radius of outer channel

Application :

- M & E works in Tunnels
- · Installation on curved walls
- · Connections to prefabricated pipes

Min. Radius		Channel Types												
	28/15	38/17	41/22	40/25	40/22	49/30	50/30	54/33	52/34					
Inner channel - Ri	0.5 m	0.5 m	1.5 m	1 m	0.7 m	0.8 m	0.8 m	4 m	0.8 m					
Outer channel - Ra	1.0 m	1.5 m	4 m	3 m	2 m	8 m	4 m	0.8 m	4 m					

### **Channel Pair - Special Fabricated Unit**

Where double or multiple fixings are required at known centres, channels can be welded to spacer straps, as shown below. The straps keep the channels parallel and accurately



### Corner Fabricated Unit

Channels can be easily fabricated to suit corners, see below. (Smaller channels may be folded; larger channels are welded.)

 Standard leg dimensions are 125 mm by 250 mm. Other sizes can be produced upon request.

· Available in stainless steel and hot dip galvanized mild steel.

#### **Channels With Strap Strip**

If a narrow beam has a central reinforcement bar, anchors can be made to pass each side of the bar. This might occur where fixings for mechanical services are required in waffle slabs.



### **Channels With Wing Strip**

Wing anchors are available for low profile details, e.g. where a channel is located in the concrete casing of a steel beam. The channel load capacity is reduced.



spaced along their length.

### **Anchor Channels for Metal Deck Connections**

The use of concrete cast on metal decking is being used more commonly in the building industry. Fixing of exterior facades such as curtain-walls, masonry walls, precast panels etc, are often required to be connected close to the edge of the metal deck. The metal deck anchor channels have good performance in thin slabs and in perimeter locations. The special designed assemblies made on the back of the channels provide strong bond with the concrete, when they are located within the reinforcement cage. Loads applied on the channel spreads over a longer area around the length of the slab edge. The labour required for through deck fixing can be significantly reduced. The channels are easily placed before pouring the concrete, with the channel studs or lugs of any suitable length to clear the ribs in the metal deck. Channels for metal decks are usually produced in hot dip galvanized mild steel. However, stainless steel grade 1.4301 and 1.4401 are also available upon request.







## **Anchor Channels for Balustrades**

HMPR-BL anchor channels are the cold rolled channels with welded rebar in place of the studs. The HMPR-BL channels are used for fixing balustrades and hand rails on to the front faces of decks and balcony slabs. The rebars with stamped heads guarantee safe loading when fixing on thin slabs. The welded rebars are made our of ST500 build steel with ribs.



#### Advantages

- Fully adjustable
- Reduces the construction time
- Permits adjustment and replacement of attached structures



(Type 40/25, 49/30 & 54/33)

Product Code	Length L (mm)	Stud Diameter Sd (mm)	Stud Length SI (mm)	T Head Bolt Size	Product Code	Length La/Lb (mm)	Stud Diameter Sd (mm)	Stud Length SI (mm)	T Head Bolt Size
	100			M12x50 &					M12x50 &
HMPR-BL-38/17	150	10	201	M12x50 &	HMPR-BL-38/17	170/170	12	201	M16x60
	200								
	100			M12x50 &					M12x50 &
HMPR-BL-40/25	150	10	90	M12x50 &	HMPR-BL-40/25	170/170	14	90	M16x60
	200								
	100			M12x50 &					M12x50 &
HMPR-BL-49/30	150	12	110	M12x50 & M16x60	HMPR-BL-49/30	170/170	14	150	M12x50 & M16x60
	200								
	100			M12x50 &					M12x50 &
HMPR-BL-54/33	150	14	200	M12x50 & M16x60	HMPR-BL-54/33	170/170	14	250	M12x50 & M16x60
	200								

#### Product Code



#### Material:

A2: Stainless steel 1.4301,

A4 Stainless steel 1.4401,

HDG hot dip galvanized mild steel 1.0038 (S235JR) (Studs are always out of steel BST 500S)





### **Anchor Channels for Profiled Metal Sheeting - Introduction**

HAZ-TU Anchor channels for profiled metal sheeting installation on reinforced concrete beams and columns are available in 3 and 6 mm thicknesses and 60/22 sections.

Fixing is done with self drilling screws or shot fired nails. Channels allow fast and economical installation as this system eliminates the difficult and time consuming anchor fixing into concrete.

Channels are inserted onto the surface of the concrete component flush to the surface and in the correct alignment. The end joints between channels should be minimum 20 mm. Fixing to the channels is made with either self drilling screws 6.3x22 or shot fired nails 4.5x24.

Channels are available in two standard types in 3 metre length with foam filling. Available materials are stainless steel grade 1.4301 (AISI 304) & 1.4401 (AISI 316) and hot dip galvanized mild steel.



• Fixing metal profiled sheets on to HAZ-TU anchor channels using self tabbing screws



Cladding material attached at the EDGE of the component





HAZ-TU anchor channels are casted in to concrete components



· Cladding material attached at the TOP of the component

### **Anchor Channels for Profiled Metal Sheets - Product Details**



HAZ-TU Cast in channels for profiles metal sheet installations are supplied in either 3 or 6 mm thicknesses. A foam filler is inserted in the open slot of the channel for preventing inflow of wet concrete during casting. There are studs welded on to the channel for strong connections on to the concrete. There are three different stud versions which offer different results for loads and minimum edge spacings. Channels are supplied in Stainless steel and hot dip galvanized mild steel.



• The installation of profiled metal sheets on to prefabricated concrete components with embedded HPTR channels enables easy and economical fixing.



• Fixing is done with self drilling screws on to the HPTR cast in channels, without the need of pre-drilled holes. Power screw driver with 1500 rpm is required for fixing.



• HPTR channels are cast flush to the surface. The concrete surface should be trowelled smooth enabling the metal sheets to be positioned directly over the channels.



• Drilling positioning should be made in the middle of the channels, leaving a minimum distance 1/3 of the width from the side of the channel.



• The minimum edge spacing (ae) should be no less then 20 mm. The distance (x) between the channel end the screw position should be no less



• The minimum spacing (ar) between channels should be 20 mm.

### **Anchor Channels for Profiled Sheets - Technical Details**







			Tec	hnical	Details	3		Tensile - Max Design Load Bearing Capacity F <sub>ED</sub> kN							
Product Code	Length	Channel Thickness	Channel Thickness Section		Execution No Of Studs		Stud Edge Distance	S S F Ld F Ld=S	S S F F F F F Ld=S/2	F S S					
								Single Loads	Pair Loads	Evenly distibuted load					
HAZ-TU 60/22/3-C2	0000	3	60/22	C2	16	450	75	4.6	0.5	15.5					
HAZ-TU 60/22/3-C3	3000	3	60/22	СЗ	40	150	/5	7.0	3.5	46.6					
HAZ-TU 60/22/6-C2	3000	6	60/22	C2	16	450	75	7.0	3.5	15.5					
HAZ-TU 60/22/6-C3	3000	0	00/22	C3	40	150	75	7.0	5.5	46.6					
HAZ-TU 60/22/3-B2				B2	16	450		4.6		15.5					
HAZ-TU 60/22/3-B3	3000	3	60/22	B3	40	150	75	7.0	3.5	46.6					
HAZ-TU 60/22/6-B2		•		B2	16	450			<u>.</u>	15.5					
HAZ-TU 60/22/6-B3	3000	6	60/22	B3	40	150	75	7.0	3.5	46.6					
HAZ-TU 60/22/3-A2				A2	8	450		4.6		15.5					
HAZ-TU 60/22/3-A2	3000	3	60/22	A3	20	150	75	7.0	3.5	46.6					
HAZ-TU 60/22/6-A2	-			A2	8	450				15.5					
HAZ-TU 60/22/6-A3	3000	6	60/22	A3	20	150	75	7.0	3.5	46.6					

Values are for concrete strength class C20/25

Self drilled screws must be capable to support the indicated loads

• Set screws should be positioned in the central third of the channels width and no closer than 25 mm to channels end



Execution 2 : Can be cut into two pieces at the centre. Edge spacing must be minimum 75 mm.



Execution 3 : Can be cut into multiple pieces at the centre of two studs. Minimum edge space must be 75 mm.



### Self Locking Cast-in Channels - Product Details

HAZ TU type cast in channels are self locking channels for connections that are light weight. These channels are ideal for attachments of rails, metal cladding, window & door frames on to concrete substrate. Channels are available in pre-galvanzied steel and hot dip galvanized steel.









		Technical Details												
Product Code		Dimensions	3	Load	lings	Edge Spacings								
	Length (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Section (mm)	Safe load (kN)	Load Spacing (mm)	aa (mm)	ar (mm)	ae (mm)	af(mm)	d (mm)				
HAZ-TU-40/25	3000	2.5	40/25			140	70	20	20	25				
HAZ-TU-60/25	3000	2,5	60/25	1.3	250	160	80	20	20	25				
HAZ-TU-80/25	3000	3.0	80/25			180	90	20	20	25.5				

Values are for concrete strength class C20/25

• Self drilled screws must be capable to support the indicated loads

Load indicated is suitable for tensile, shear and resultant load

#### HPLS Anchor Plates - Product Details

HPLS Anchor plates is a product that offers solutions for attaching steel components to concrete substrates. anchor plates are cast in to the concrete with a flush surface. Corresponding steel or stainless steel elements are welded to the surface of the anchor plates. These elements are supplied in stainless steel and steel.

The allowable loads for the anchor plates for tensile, shear and bending moments are verified on project basis according to the required design criteria.

	Product	Details	
Plate Sizes	Plate Thicknesses	Stud Diameters	Stud Lengths
		6	50
70/100,		8	50
100/140,	4, 6, 8, 10, 12	10	75
160/160,	10, 12	12	100
		16	125

Anchor plates with 4 & 2 studs with flush surface suitable for welding

Anchor plates with 4 & 2 studs with tabbed holes suitable for attachments with screws





Anchor plates with 4 & 2 studs with welded threaded bars for attachments with hex nuts



## Wall Ties - Introduction & Product Details

The HWT Wall ties provide secure and easy connections between concrete components, where anchor channels are embedded.

Serrated wall ties and compatible serrated washers enable safe transmittal of tensile loads.

Wall ties are used with cast in channels and T head bolts to achieve three dimensional adjustability for restraining attachments of prefabricated concrete components.

Wall ties are available in stainless steel EN 1.4301 & EN 1.4401 and hot dip galvanized EN 1.0038 grade steel.





#### HWT - Wall Tie







Product Code	Proje tion -+ 2 (K m	n -+ 20 20 (C mm	(L mm)	Tensile Load all.F (kN)	Edge Distance (ar mm)	Slotted Hole (mm)
HWT - 28-50	50	0	90			
HWT - 28-75	75		115	-		
HWT - 28-100	100	0 50	140	-		
HWT - 28-125	125	5 75	165	3.5	50	11x55
HWT - 28-150	150	0 100	190			
HWT - 28-175	175	5 125	215			
HWT - 28-200	200	0 150	240			
•To be used with HMPR-	28/15 ch	annels and H	ITB-28/15-M	10x40 T Bo	olts.	,
HWT - 38-75	75	5 0	115			

HWT - 38-75	75	0	115				
HWT - 38-100	100	25	140				Ĺ
HWT - 38-125	125	50	165				Ĺ
HWT - 38-150	150	75	190	7.0	75	13x55	Ĺ
HWT - 38-175	175	100	215				Ĺ
HWT - 38-200	200	125	240				

•To be used with HMPR-38/17 channels and HTB-38/17-M12x50 T Bolts.

## **Wall Ties - Product Details**

HWT-B Wall Tie







Product Code	Projec- tion -+ 20 (K mm)	Cavity -+ 20 (C mm)	Length (L mm)	Tensile Load F (kN)	Edge Distance (ar mm)	Slotted Hole (mm)	
HWT-B-28-75	75	25	115				
HWT-B-28-100	100	50	140				
HWT-B-28-125	125	75	165	3.5	50	11x55	
HWT-B-28-150	150	100	190				
HWT-B-28-175	175	125	215	1			
To be used with HMPR-28/15 channels and HTB-28 M10x40 T Bolts.							

HWT-B-38-100	100	25	145			
HWT-B-38-125	125	50	165			10
HWT-B-38-150	150	75	195	7.0	75	13x55
HWT-B-38-175	175	100	220	1		

•To be used with HMPR-38/17 channels and HTB-38 M12x50 T Bolts.





345



Product Code	Projec- tion -+ 20 (K mm)	Cavity -+ 20 (C mm)	Length (L mm)	Tensile Load all. F(kN)	Edge Distance (ar mm)	Slotted Hole (mm)		
HWT-U-38-200	200	125	245					
HWT-U-38-225	225	150	270	7.0	75	13X60		
HWT-U-38-250	250	175	295	7.0	75	13700		
To be used with HMPR-38/17 channels and HTB-38 M12x50 T Bolts      HWT-U-49-200     200     50     245								
HWT-U-49-200	200	50 75	245 270					
				10.0	150	17700		
HWT-U-49-250	250	100	295	12.0	150	17X60		
HWT-U-49-275	275	125	320					
	200	150	045					

150

•To be used with HMPR-49/30 channels and HTB-49 M16x60 T Bolts.

300

HWT-U-49-300

### Wall Ties for Masonry & Brick Tie Channel Introduction

HWT-M Wall ties are used for restraining connections of masonry and brick facing claddings on to the backing wall. Connections to substrate can be made either with cast in channels or surface fixed framing channels.

HWT-M type wall ties are designed for restraint attachments of both masonry wall facades and masonry walls to load bearing walls. The sliding capability of the ties along the length of the channels decreases the risk of the masonry cracking due to structure movements.

The wall ties are inserted on the channel at desired points and are positioned by turning the ties 90 degrees clockwise. The perforated holes in the wall ties allow mortar filling to improve bonding.

Wall ties for masonry are available in stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304) & 1.4401 (AISI 316).

MAS-25/15 Brick tie channels are cold rolled pre-galvanized channels that have punched lugs on the back of the channels. This channel provides the same loading performance as the 28/15 and is an economic option for use in restraining brick walls on to concrete.

Lugs are punched out every 250 mm and the channels are supplied with a strip filler.

A debonding sleeve is used as a cover for the wall ties. This enables the wall tie to accomodate longitudinal movement in the direction of the tie. This is ideal when installing long masonry walls to concrete walls or when tying in large span infill walls to floor slabs. Debonding sleeves allow room for movement and prevents any cracking of the masonry walls.



HWT-M Wall Tie



• Wall ties can be used on masonry facade cladding. A minimum embedded length of 50 mm should be applied. The embedded length (e) is determined by correctly setting the length of the wall tie (L) and the masonry block width (d).



• Wall ties can be used for masonry wall connections fixed to load bearing walls. Embedding length (e) is achieved with the length of the wall tie.





• Lugs are prepunched on the back of the channel at 250 mm centres. The lugs are easily bent out on site prior to the casting of concrete.



• Wall ties are easily inserted into the debonding sleeves before installation is made.

# MAS-25/15



**Brick Tie Channel**
## Wall Ties for Masonry - Product Details



• HWT wall ties can be used with cast in channels type 28/15 and 38/17.



• Connections on to surface fixed HMP channels type 28/15 and 38/17 can also be made.

**Product Code** 

HWT-MS 28 -125

HWT-MS 28 -185 HWT-MS 28 -245 Length

(mm)

125

185

245

Thick-

ness

(mm)

1.25

1.25

1.25

Width

(mm)

25

25 25 Channel

Туре

28/15



• HMP channels can be welded on to structural steel to allow wall tie connections.

Tensile

Load

(Kn)

2.5

Compre-

ssion

Load

(Kn)

1.4

### HWT-MS - Wall Tie



#### HWT-MV - Wall Tie



HWT-ML - Wall Tie



HWT-MT - Wall Tie



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Product Code	Length (mm)	Thick- ness (mm)	Width (mm)	Channel Type	Tensile Load (kN)	Compre- ssion Load (Kn)
HWT-MV 28 - 85	85	2	26			
HWT-MV 28 -120	120	2	26	28/15	3.2	2.7
HWT-MV 28 -180	180	2	26			
HWT-MV 38 - 85	85	2	30			
HWT-MV 38 -120	120	2	30	38/17	3.2	2.7
HWT-MV 38 -180	180	2	30			

Product Code	Length (mm)	Thick- ness (mm)	Width (mm)	Channel Type	Tensile Load (kN)	Compre- ssion Load (Kn)
HWT-ML 28 - 85 HWT-ML 28 -120	85 120	3	25 25	28/15	3.2	2.7
HWT-ML 28 -180	180	3	25			
HWT-ML 38 - 85	85	3	30	38/17	3.2	2.7
HWT-ML 38 - 120	120	3	30	30/17	5.2	2.1
HWT-ML 38 - 180	180	3	30			

Product Code	Length (mm)	Thick- ness (mm)	Width (mm)	Channel Type	Tensile Load (kN)	Compre- ssion Load (Kn)
HWT-MT 28 - 85 HWT-MT 28 -120 HWT-MT 28 -180	85 120 180	3 3 3	25 25 25	18/15	3.2	2.7
HWT-MT 38 - 85 HWT-MT 38 -120 HWT-MT 38 -180	85 120 180	3 3 3	30 30 30	38/17	3.2	2.7

### **T Bolts & Lock Nuts - Introduction**

HTB T bolts & HMLN lock nuts are used for attachments in to cast in channels which are designed for a perfect fit into the section of the channels. Insertion is made and after a 90 degree turn clockwise the connection is enabled. Correct torque values must be applied in order to achieve secure connections.

T bolts and lock nuts are available in stainless steel 1.4401 and hot dip galvanised steel strength class 4.6 & 8.8.





### **Fixing Instructions**



1.) After pouring of cement, the concrete wall should be left to dry



5.) Suitable T head bolts should be inserted into place by placing the narrow side of the head in the slot



2.) After concrete has dried out, the filler in the channel should be taken out using a suitable tool



6.) Locking in place will be done when turning 90 degrees. Notch on the shank must be set vertically



3.) The filler can be pulled out along the length of the channel simply by hand



7.) T head bolts can be adjusted along the length of the channel to be in the desired position



4.) No left overs should be within the channel slot. Any residue should be scrapped out



8.) When the connection has been made recommended torque must be used in order to

## **T Bolts & Lock Nuts - Technical Details**

Thead					Loa	ding Tab	le for T	Head Bol	ts ( kN)					Max <sup>-</sup>	Torque	Loads	(Nm)
Bolt Metric	Grade	4	I.6 Class S	iteel	8	.8 Class S	iteel		Stainless S .4401 / A4			otainless S I .4401 / A4		4.6 Class	8.8 Class	1.4401 /	1.4401 /
Size	Loads	Tensile & Shear	Ũ	Longitudi- nal Load	Tensile & Shear	Ű	Longitudi- nal Load		U	Longitudi- nal Load	Tensile & Shear	v	Longitudi- nal Load	Steel	Steel	A4-50	A4-70
M6	all.F	2.2	2.0	0.10	-	-	-	2.2	1.8	0.1	3.0	3.8	0.1	0		0	
IVI 6	F <sub>Rd</sub>	3.1	2.8	0.14	-	-	-	3.1	2.5	0.1	4.2	5.3	0.2	3	-	3	4
M8	all.F	4.0	5.0	0.20	-	-	-	4.0	4.4	0.2	5.5	9.4	0.3	8		8	10
IVI O	F <sub>Rd</sub>	5.6	7.0	0.28	-	-	-	5.6	6.2	0.3	7.7	13.2	0.4	0		0	10
M 10	all.F	6.4	10.0	0.30	13.3	24.9	1.1	6.4	8.7	0.3	8.7	18.7	0.4	15	48	15	20
W TO	F <sub>Rd</sub>	9.0	14.0	0.42	18.6	34.9	1.5	9.0	12.2	0.4	12.2	26.2	0.6	15	40	15	20
M 12	all.F	9.3	17.5	0.50	19.4	43.7	1.6	9.3	15.3	0.5	12.6	32.8	0.7	25	70	25	35
IVI 12	F Rd	13.0	24.5	0.70	27.2	61.2	2.2	13.0	21.4	0.7	17.6	45.9	1.0	25	70	25	55
M 16	all.F	17.3	44.4	0.90	36.1	110.0	3.0	17.3	38.8	0.9	23.6	83.3	1.2	60	200	60	80
WITO	F Rd	24.2	62.2	1.26	50.5	154.0	4.2	24.2	54.3	1.3	33.0	116.6	1.7	00	200	00	00
M 20	all.F	27.0	86.5	1.40	56.4	216.4	4.7	27.0	75.7	1.4	36.8	162.3	1.9	120	400	120	160
IVI 20	F <sub>Rd</sub>	37.8	121.1	1.96	79.0	303.0	6.6	37.8	106.0	2.0	51.5	227.2	2.6	120	400	120	100
M 24	all.F	38.8	149.9	2.00	81.2	-	-	38.8	130.9	2.0	-	-	-	200	680	200	-
111 24	F <sub>Rd</sub>	54.3	209.9	2.80	113.7	-	-	54.3	183.3	2.8	-	-	-	200	000	200	_
M 30	all.F	61.7	299.9	3.20	129.0	-	-	61.7	262.4	3.2	-	-	-	400	1.400	400	-
10130	F <sub>Rd</sub>	86.4	419.9	4.48	180.6	-	-	86.4	367.4	4.5	-	-	-	400	1.400	400	-

								Loadi	ng Tab	le For	Locknu	ts (kN)								
Lock N	ut Type	HMLN-28 HMLN-38		HMLN-41			HMLN-40		HMLN-50		HMLN-72									
LUCKIN	ur rype	M6	M8	M10	M8	M10	M12	M6	M8	M10	M12	M8	M10	M12	M10	M12	M16	M12	M16	M20
Safe	all.F	1.9	2.8	3.0	4.0	4.1	5.7	4.0	4.0	6.4	9.3	4.0	6.4	9.3	6.4	9.3	9.3	9.3	17.3	22.0
Load	F <sub>Rd</sub>	2.7	3.9	4.2	5.6	5.7	8.0	5.6	5.6	9.0	13.0	5.6	9.0	13.0	9.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	24.2	30.8



(L erf = tfix + i + s + v)

Metric	Vmin (mm)
M 6	11.0
M 8	12.5
M10	14.5
M12	17.0
M16	20.5
M 20	26.0
M24	29.0
M 27	31.5
M 30	33.5







### **T Head Bolts - Product Details**

Product					Т	echnical Deta	ils	
Code	Bolt Size mm	Metric M (mm)	Length L (mm)	Head Thick. a (mm)	Head Width b (mm)	Head Length c (mm)	Suitable for Channels	Product Drawing
HTB-28-8/30	M8x30	8	30					
HTB-28-8/50	M8x50	8	50	4.0	10.50	00.0		
HTB-28-10/40	M10x40	10	40	4.0	10.50	23.0	HMPR-28/15	
HTB-28-10/60	M10x60	10	60					200
HTB-38-10/40	M10x40	10	40					
HTB-38-10/50	M10x50	10	50					
HTB-38-10/50 HTB-38-10/70	M10x50 M10x70	10 10	50 70					
HTB-38-10/50 HTB-38-10/70 HTB-38-12/50	M10x50 M10x70 M12x50	10 10 12	50 70 50	7.0	13.00	30.5	HMPR-38/17	
HTB-38-10/50 HTB-38-10/70	M10x50 M10x70	10 10	50 70	7.0	13.00	30.5	HMPR-38/17	
HTB-38-10/50 HTB-38-10/70 HTB-38-12/50 HTB-38-12/60 HTB-38-12/80	M10x50 M10x70 M12x50 M12x60	10 10 12 12	50 70 50 60	7.0	13.00	30.5	HMPR-38/17	
HTB-38-10/50 HTB-38-10/70 HTB-38-12/50 HTB-38-12/60	M10x50 M10x70 M12x50 M12x60 M12x80	10 10 12 12 12	50 70 50 60 80	7.0	13.00	30.5	HMPR-38/17	

**Technical Details** Product Bolt Size Metric Length Head thick. Head Width Head Length Suitable for Code Product Drawing Channels mm M (mm) L (mm) a (mm) b (mm) c (mm) HTB-40-10/50 M10x50 10 50 HTB-40-10/70 M10x70 10 70 HTB-40-12/50 M12x50 12 50 HMPR-40/25, HTB-40-12/60 M12x60 60 12 12.0 14.00 34.0 HTB-40-12/80 M12x80 12 80 HMPR-H-40/22 16 HTB-40-16/60 M16x60 60 HTB-40-16/80 M16x80 16 80 HTB-40-16/100 M16x100 16 100 HTB-50-12/50 M12x50 12 50 HTB-50-12/60 M12x60 12 60 HMPR-49/30, HTB-50-12/80 M12x80 12 80 HMPR-54/33, HTB-50-16/60 M16x60 60 16 17.50 42.0 13.0 M HTB-50-16/80 M16x80 80 HMPR-H-50/30, 16 HTB-50-16/100 M16x100 16 100 HMPR-H-52/34 HTB-50-20/80 M20x80 20 80 HTB-50-20/100 M20x100 20 100 HTB-72-20/60 M20x60 20 60 HTB-72-20/80 M20x80 80 20 HTB-72-20/100 M20x100 20 100 17.0 22.00 58.0 HMPR-72/49 HTB-72-24/80 M24x80 24 80 HTB-72-24/100 M24x100 24 100

HTB T bolts are stamped with HAZ or HS trademark



## **Lock Nuts - Product Details**

				Technical D	etails	
Product Code	Metric Size M (mm)	Head Thick. a (mm)	Head Width b (mm)	Head Length c (mm)	Suitable for Channels	Product Drawing
HMLN-28-6	6					
HMLN-28-8	8	4.0	13.00	24.5	HMPR-28/15	
HMLN-28-10	10					
HMLN-38-10	10					М
HMLN-38-12	12	6.0	17.50	31.5	HMPR-38/17	b: / O / a:
HMLN-38-16	16					c

				Technical D	)etails	
Product Code	Metric Size	Head Thick.	Head Width	Head Length	Suitable for	Product Drawing
	M (mm)	a (mm)	b (mm)	c (mm)	Channels	Ŭ
HMLN-40-10	10					
HMLN-40-12	12	10.8	17.00	34.5	HMPR-40/25, HMPR-H-40/22	
HMLN-40-16	16					
HMLN-50-10	10				HMPR-49/30,	
HMLN-50-12	12	11.7	21.0	43.5	HMPR-54/33, HMPR-H-50/30,	M
HMLN-50-16	16				HMPR-H-52/34	
HMLN-72-12	12					<b>c</b> :
HMLN-72-16	16	22.0	31.00	62.0	HMPR-72/49	
HMLN-72-20	20					

				Technical de	etails	
Product code	Bolt size mm	Head thick. a (mm)	Head Width b (mm)	Head Length c (mm)	Suitable for channels	Product drawing
HMLN-41-6	6	6.0				
HMLN-41-8	8	8.0	20.00	34.0	HMPR-S-41/22	and a set
HMLN-41-10	10	10.0	20.00	54.0	110111-0-41/22	- Card
HMLN-41-12	12	12.0				
						c: M a:

				Technical D	Petails	
Product Code	Bolt Size mm	Head Thick. a (mm)	Head Width b (mm)	Head Length c (mm)	Suitable for Channels	Product Drawing
HMLN-S-41-6	6	6.0				
HMLN-S-41-8	8	8.0	20.00	34.0	HMPR-S-41/22	((MITA)
HMLN-S-41-10	10	10.0	20.00	34.0	HMPR-3-41/22	all have
HMLN-S-41-12	12	12.0				
						E

#### Product Code

HMLN - 28 - 6	
	Metric
	Channe

#### Material:

A4 Stainless steel W 1.4401, HDG hot dip galvanized steel

Channel type
Type

### **Anchor Channels - Application Examples**

HMPR Anchor channels with studs and corresponding T head bolts are used for strong connections in to concrete without the use of drilling.

Suitable for connections of any type of secondary structures. Design loads of up to 50.5 kN are applicable .



- · Quick and easy fixing.
- No drilling on site.
- No noise and vibration of power tools.
- Safe near edges on
- concrete.
- Adjustable and flexible.Durable and secure fixing.
- Applicable for all type of installations.



· Installation of curtain walls



· Installation of natural stone panels



· Installation of masonry walls



Installation of precast concrete panels





Installation of pipe systems

# **Anchor Channels - Application Examples**



Installation of base components



Installation of stadium seats



Installation of pipe systems



Wall connections



Wall connections



Upper beam connection

Base connection

Lower beam connection

### **HFB** Facade Brackets

Curtain wall cladding methods are used more frequently for the external wall envelopes of modern buildings. Curtain wall technology is the most advanced type of facade construction which are preferred because of its aesthetics and functionality.

This type of cladding also offers high thermal and load performance and can be installed faster and easier than any other conventional type of claddings.

HAZ Metal designs and manufactures facade brackets for the installation of curtain wall panels on to the structure.

HFB facade support brackets are used to fix longitudinal and transverse curtain wall systems. The brackets transfer the acting loads in to the structure. These brackets can be designed to adapt to any type of application with accordance to the design criteria.

HFB facade brackets are designed and dimensioned to with stand high horizontal and vertical loads. The facade brackets are available in two main categories.

The first category of facade brackets are the ones that can be fixed on the edge of the slabs. This way the tensile loads from wind are transferred in to the end of the floor slab.

The second category of facade brackets are the ones that are fixed on the top of the slab. This way the horizontal loads from wind and the vertical loads from dead load and the resultant loads are transferred in to the top of the floor slab.

The facade brackets offer increased advantages when used with HMPR anchor channels. Fast and easy connections are made due to the high adjustability features of the HMPR anchor channels. Verified load values adds extra confidence to the designers and contractors.

#### **Advantages**

• Simple and fast installation due to the adjustability of the system in all directions.

• Smaller edge distances make it possible to fix close to the edge or front end of the floor slabs.

• High load performance both for horizontal and vertical loads. Up to 32 kN loads possible.

• Can be specially designed and dimensioned to suit various type of fixing applications.

 Manufactured from Stainless Steel or Hot dip galvanized mild steel.



· High rise buildings with curtain wall facade applications



· Curtain wall fixing at the edge of floor slab



· Curtain wall fixing at the edge of floor slab

### **HFB** Facade Support Brackets - Product Range

### Application details

•Bracket for installing curtain wall at top of slabs.

• Quick and Easy Installation with hang on method.

• + / - 10 mm vertical adjustment through incorporated set screws on the bracket.

• Inward and outward adjustability through the slotted holes. Fixing is secured at desired point with serrated washers.

• Lateral adjustability made with on the cast in channel. Fixing is made with two T head bolts.

• Can be designed to take wind loads of up to 24 kN.

• Can be designed to take dead loads of up to 7 kN.

• Available in stainless steel and hot dip galvanized mild steel.

#### Application details

•Brackets for installing curtain walls at edge of slabs.

• Adjustability made through slotted holes. Position fixing is made with serrated washers.

• Easy fixing with uncomplicated parts.

• Bespoke design can be made to resist varying dead loads and wind loads.

• Can be designed to take dead loads of up to 7 kN.

• Available in stainless steel and galvanized steel.







#### HFB-AP Facade Support Bracket



### HFB-MT Facade Support Bracket



#### HFB-MLS Facade Support Bracket



HFB-MLO Facade Support Bracket







### **Recess Box Anchor Channels**

Unitised curtain systems are often installed at the top of the slab. This creates a problem in which the brackets used to install the curtain wall panels stand out above the finished floor level.

As a result, the usable area is reduced and aesthetics are compromised. The use of the HAZ-RBX Recess Box anchor channel provides a solution for this problem.

The HAZ -RBX Recess Box is supplied with the suitable anchor channel connected to it which creates a void in the concrete that allows the bracket to be installed below the finished floor level.

The HAZ-RBX channel is made out of galvanized steel or epoxy paint coated steel recess box, that is welded with an anchor channel. The type and size of the anchor channel is determined according to the design loads of the curtain wall application.

The box is filled with foam to avoid ingress of concrete in to the void. There are nail holes on the steel box to allow installation onto the formwork shuttering.

After the installation of the HAZ-RBX anchor channels on to the form work is completed, concrete is poured leaving the top of the box flush with the concrete pour.

Once the concrete is dried, the foam filler is pulled out and the void is exposed. The curtain wall support bracket is installed on to the anchor channels using T head bolts.

After the installation is finished and the support bracket is tightened, the void is filled with concrete or grout. The bracket is covered and the void is completely filled leaving a flush finished floor.

### Features and benefits:

• The HAZ-BRX Recess box channel is manufac- tured with tight tolerances

Dimensions can be customized to application requirements

 $\ensuremath{\cdot}$  Nail holes are available for fixing the box to wooden form work

• Foam filler is provided with an exact fit to avoid concrete ingress

• Anchor channels are tack welded to the recess box

 Corrosion resistant epoxy paint coating or hot dip galvanizing made to the recess box



• HAZ-RBX Recess Box Anchor channels can be supplied with any type of anchor channels



• HAZ-RBX Recess Box Anchor channels are supplied with foam filling to avoid concrete recess in to the void



• HAZ-RBX Recess Box Anchor channels are used for curtain wall installation at the top of the slab



HAZ-RBX Recess Box Anchor channels can be custom made. The above dimensions (mm) are for HMPR -CE- 49/30-350 type channel

## **Anchor Channels Application Pictures**

Anchor channels can be used on all kinds of concrete connections. All types of facade applications can be executed using anchor channels. This is preferred due to its easy and fast installation features. Below are pictures taken from our anchor channel applications used in a wide range of construction applications.





Various anchor channel applications used on areas such as, electric utility, water management and in tunnels

Stadium seating fixed with anchor channels



# **Project References**



Infinity Tower, Brisbane







Adnoc HQ, Abu Dhabi

Renaissance Tower, Istanbul

The Ruby Tower, Mumbai



Telekom HQ, Ankara



Dolphin Tower, Ankara



Ciftci Towers, Istanbul



Emaar Square, Istanbul



Centre for Technology and Design, St Polten



Awly Building, Christchurch

# **Project References**



Ang Mo Kio ITE Headquarters, Singapore



Hyundai Innovation Centre, Singapore



Conrad Hotel, Dubai



Ritz Carlton Hotel,Kuala Lumpur



Rasuna Tower, Jakarta



Orchard Emerald, Singapore

www.hazmetal.com / info@hazmetal.com



Dorsett Hotel, Singapore

## **Project References**



Sefton Towers, Liverpool



Media City, Manchester



Victoria Road, Woking



Gewa Tower, Fellbach



42 Trinity Place, New York

13 Renwick Street, New York



Hailun Centre- Shanghai



Great Aim Centre- Zhuhai



0 Madison Avenue, New York



Since its beginning in 1993, HAZ Metal has proved its reliability by successfully completing challenging projects. HAZ Metal has established a reputation for being a reliable supplier of structural components for facade construction.

Prestigious and large scale projects around the world have been supplied with high quality fixing systems designed and manufactured by HAZ Metal.

Always at the forefront of fixing technology, HAZ METAL has established a wide product portfolio to complement its fixing systems targeted for the specialist external wall cladding market. Designing and engineering high integrity and quality products for facade applications made HAZ a worldwide known brand in the construction industry.

HAZ METAL combines the very latest international technology with its own research and development team to establish a technical excellence within the industry. HAZ METAL readily embraces the responsibility of a major producer and shares its expertise with problem solving solutions.







HAZ METAL SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş. Şehit Er Çıracı Caddesi No. 10 Akçay Sanayi Bölgesi 31200 İskenderun Hatay, TÜRKİYE Tel : +90 (0) 326 626 20 50 Fax : +90 (0) 326 626 20 45

www.hazmetal.com info@hazmetal.com

HAZ PAZARLAMA İÇ & DIŞ TİC. A.Ş. İçerenköy Mh. Çayır Cd. Özce Center No:3 K:12 34752 Ataşehir İstanbul, TÜRKİYE Tel: +90 (0) 216 410 72 06 hazpazarlama@hazgrp.com HAZ METAL DEUTSCHLAND GmbH Alfred-Zippe-Straße 1 97877 Wertheim, GERMANY Tel: +49 (0) 9342 9359 www.hazmetal.eu info@hazmetal.de

HAZ METAL UK LTD 154 Great North Road Hatfield Herts. AL9 5JN England Tel: +44 (0) 1707 - 260 180 www.hazmetal.co.uk info@hazmetal.co.uk