

Monomix WS

Class R3 General Purpose Spray Applied Repair Mortar

Product Overview

Wet spray applied, high strength, low density, fibre reinforced, shrinkage compensated, waterproof mortar for the structural repair and reinstatement of concrete.

Description

MONOMIX WS is a single component, cementitious mortar which is rapid hardening, low density and high strength with enhanced polymer properties. The product's thixotropic nature enables easy, high build trowel application for the structural repair of voids and the rendering and re-profiling of vertical, horizontal and overhead surfaces. It is supplied as a single component system ready for on-site mixing and use, requiring only the addition of clean water.

Uses

Class R3 mortar, suitable for repair methods 3.1, 3.3, 7.1 & 7.2 as defined by EN 1504-3.

Advantages

- Incorporates the latest cement chemistry, microsilica, fibre and styrene acrylic copolymer technology.
- Simply mixed with clean water.
- Generally requires no substrate or inter-layer priming.
- Easy to achieve a high quality trowel finish.
- Single layer build up to 80mm (vertical or overhead).
- Excellent low sag properties.
- High bond strength exceeds tensile strength of concrete, ensuring monolithic performance.
- Dense matrix with low permeability to water.
- High diffusion resistance to acid gases & chlorides.
- Easily overcoated with specialist membranes to provide further protection and aesthetic quality.

Compliance

- UKCA & CE marked in accordance with EN 1504-3.
- BBA Approved, Certificate No. 05/4276.
- Listed under Regulation 31 - England and Wales: Regulation 33 - Scotland: Regulation 30 - NI: for use with potable water.
- Highways Standard Series 5700 (Concrete Repairs) and CS 462 (Repair & Management of Deteriorated Concrete Structures).

Application Instructions

Preparation

Mechanically remove all damaged concrete or failed repairs back to a sound core. Except in new construction, expose the full circumference of the steel reinforcement 25mm behind the bars and 50mm beyond visible corrosion.

On cutting back, feather edges must be avoided. Step the perimeter of the repair to a depth of 10mm preferably using a power chisel or by saw or disc cutting.

The areas to be repaired must be free from all unsound material including laitance dust, oil, grease, corrosion by-products and organic growth.

Smooth surfaces should be roughened and reinforcement cleaned to bright steel using wet grit blasting techniques or equivalent approved methods. Power tools such as a needle gun, angle grinder or wire brush may be used on concrete which is not chloride contaminated.

- The compressive strength of the parent concrete should be minimum 20 MPa.

The prepared substrate should be thoroughly soaked with clean water until uniformly saturated without any standing water.

Treatment of Steel Reinforcement

Treat exposed steel reinforcement with 2 x 1mm coats of **STEEL REINFORCEMENT PROTECTOR 841** applied by brush.

Priming of Concrete

MONOMIX WS does not generally require a primer. Highly porous substrates may be primed with a **POLYMER ADMIXTURE 850** slurry coat. The slurry coat should also be used when treating larger areas of waterproof concrete.

Mixing

MONOMIX WS should be mechanically mixed with a forced action pan mixer or in a clean drum using a slow speed drill and paddle. A normal concrete mixer is **NOT** suitable.

For normal applications, use between 3.3-3.7 litres of clean water per 25kg bag. For part bags, this equates to 5-6 volumes of powder to 1 volume of water. Typically, for high build applications use 3.5 litres of clean water per bag and mix for 2-3 minutes. Mix to entrain as little air as possible. Use without delay.

- Note - These instructions must be adhered to as Flexcrete will not be responsible for failure due to incorrect mixing.



Placing

MONOMIX WS is applied using wet process spray techniques, resulting in application thicknesses of 80mm, even in soffit situations. If necessary, support with shuttering to allow for compaction if working to reveals, etc. The application thickness achievable is dependent upon the substrate and care must be taken to ensure that an initial thickness of mortar, typically 5-10mm, is well placed and adhered before building up to larger depths.

For multi-layer applications, it is important to ensure that previous layers are well keyed and stable but not fully set (typically 2-6 hours) prior to the application of subsequent layers. No inter-layer priming is required. Final profiling is achieved with a steel float.

Curing

Normal concreting procedures must be adhered to. Protect from strong sunlight and drying winds with **CURE-SEAL WB**, polythene sheeting, damp hessian or similar.

Limitations

Do not use **MONOMIX WS** when the temperature is below 5°C and falling.

Cleaning and Storage

- All tools should be cleaned with water immediately after use.
- Materials can be stored for 12 months in dry, frost free conditions with unopened bags at 20°C.

Packaging

- **MONOMIX** is supplied in 25kg bags.

Yield and Coverage

- 16.25 litres per 25kg.
- 25kg covers 1.63m² at 10mm thickness.

Health and Safety

- Safety Data Sheets are available on request.

Application Top Tips

1. **DO NOT WET OUT OR PRIME** between layers.
2. If the mortar thickens, remix but **DO NOT ADD EXTRA WATER**.
3. Use a screed bar to achieve a final level and finish with a steel float.
4. **DO NOT OVER TROWEL**. If the mortar begins to slump, allow to stabilise and refinish.
5. When finishing, trowel from centre out towards the perimeter working into the edges of the repair.
6. Use **MONOMIX HD** for areas subject to vehicular traffic.
7. Cold Weather Working (See separate Guide)
 - ≥ 3°C on a rising thermometer.
 - ≥ 5°C on a falling thermometer.
8. Hot Weather Working (See separate Guide)
 - Store material in cool conditions to maximise working life.
 - Shade applied material from strong sunlight.
 - Spray-apply a second mist coat of **CURE-SEAL WB**.
 - If possible, avoid extreme temperatures by working at night.

The information herein is correct to the best of our knowledge, but it does not necessarily refer to the particular requirements of the customer. If the customer has any particular requirements it should make them known in writing to Flexcrete Technologies Limited, and obtain further advice accordingly.

Technical Data

Property	Standard	EN 1504 R3 Requirement	Typical Result
Compressive Strength Development @20°C	EN 12190	≥ 25 MPa @28 Days	1 day 20 MPa 7 days 30 MPa 28 days 40 MPa
Adhesive Bond	EN 1542	≥ 1.5 MPa	2.2 MPa
Chloride Ion Content	EN 1015-17	≤ 0.05%	0.016%
Carbonation Resistance	EN 13295	≤ ref concrete	Passes
Elastic Modulus	EN 13412	≥ 15 GPa	18.2 GPa
Capillary Absorption	EN 13057	≤ 0.5 kg/(m ² .h ^{0.5})	0.077 kg/(m ² .h ^{0.5})
Freeze/Thaw Cycling	EN 13687-1	≥ 1.5 MPa	2.3 MPa
Water Permeability Coefficient Equivalent concrete thickness	DIN 1048-1	-	9.65 x 10 ⁻¹⁵ m/sec 5.7mm = 1000mm of typical concrete
Oxygen Diffusion Coefficient	Vinci Technology Centre Test	-	2.72 x 10 ⁻⁴ cm ² /sec
Flexural Strength	EN196-1	-	6.5 MPa
Tensile Strength	BS 6319: 7	-	2.7 MPa
Shrinkage	EN 12617-4	-	0.031% after 7 days
Mixed Density		-	1750kg/m ³ at 0.14 water:powder ratio
Mixed Colour		-	Concrete grey
Min Application Thickness Max Application Thickness		-	5mm 80mm per layer
Min Application Temperature Max Application Temperature		-	5°C 40°C
Working Life (approx.)		-	60 minutes at 20°C 30 minutes at 40°C
Reaction to Fire	EN 13501-1	-	A2 – s1, d0

The properties given above are obtained from laboratory tests: results obtained from on-site testing may vary according to site conditions.

