

LIGNACRETE

Product data updated: 19th Jun 2023

Lignacrete dense concrete blocks are robust and durable with a technical performance that will fulfil most applications. They are manufactured to BS EN 771-3 and are available in standard and paint grade (close textured for direct painting). High strength blocks up to 30N/mm² are available for demanding, loadbearing designs.

Generally, blocks have a face size of 440mm x 215mm. However, Lignacrete 140mm Midi blocks have a face size of 290mm x 215mm and have been developed for easier handling while retaining the performance of conventional-size solid blocks.

■ Standards

Lignacrete blocks are BSI Kitemarked and certified to BS EN 771-3. They are also Category 1 masonry units manufactured under a BSI certified Quality Management System, which is BS EN 9001 compliant.

■ Appearance

Lignacrete blocks are medium grey to buff in colour. They are capable of being finished with all recognised treatments, including plaster, drylining and render, as well as cladding treatments. Paint Grade blocks can be directly painted.

■ Application

Lignacrete can be considered for use in the following locations:

- The inner and outer leaves of external cavity walls
- Internal walls, including fire break walls
- Separating walls, including those conforming to Robust Detail party wall specifications
- Below ground
- Infill units to beam and block flooring
- Vertically reinforced walls – using hollow blocks

For walls that are to be directly decorated, Paint Grade blocks should be specified.



Specification & Application

■ Specification

Face Size	Generally, 440mm x 215mm. 290mm x 215mm (Midi blocks).
Mean Unit Strength	7.3, 10.4, 17.5, 22.5, 30N/mm ²
Configuration	Group 1, solid blocks. Group 2, hollow blocks.
Dimensional Tolerances	Category D1
Net Dry Density	2000 kg/m ³ (blocks 7.3 & 10.4, 17.5N/mm ²). 2100 kg/m ³ (blocks 22.5 & 30N/mm ²).
Thermal Conductivity	1.33 W/mK at 3% moisture content (internal use). 1.43 W/mK at 5% moisture content (external use).
Reaction to Fire	Class A1
Moisture Movement	<0.6mm/m
Airtightness (m ³ /hr/m ²) No finish	100mm solid blocks: 2.73. 140mm solid blocks: 3.36.
Airtightness (m ³ /hr/m ²) Paint one side	100mm solid blocks: 0.88. 140mm solid blocks: 1.72.

Table Note:

(1) Airtightness results for painted walls are based on the use of Paint Grade blocks and standard emulsion paint.

(2) Hollow blocks are produced in 7.3 and 10.4N/mm² strengths.

Weights & Pack Sizes

All weights are approximate and subject to normal variations in raw materials.

Table 1 – Block Weights and Pack Sizes

Size mm nominal (mm) (L x W x H)	Unit weight (kg)	Laid weight inc. mortar (kg/m ²)	No. of blocks per pack
Solid 440 x 100 x 215	18.9	198	64
Solid 440 x 140 x 215	26.5	278	48
Solid 290 x 140 x 140 (Midi size)	17.5	279	72
Hollow 440 x 140 x 215	19.0	204	48
Hollow 440 x 215 x 215	25.1	274	32

Table 1 Notes:

- (1) For blocks above 17.5N/mm², the unit and laid weights will be approximately 5% greater than those indicated. Weights are based on 3% moisture content by weight.
 (2) Pack sizes may vary depending on the plant (Brandon or Nazeing) producing and delivering the blocks. For the most up-to-date information, please contact our Sales Team via brandonsales@lignacite.co.uk or nazeingsales@lignacite.co.uk. Alternatively, call our Head Office on 01842 810678.

Fire Resistance

Lignacrete blocks are rated as Class A1 in accordance with BS EN 13501-1:2007+A1:2009. A1 materials are completely non-combustible and make no contribution to fire.

The fire resistance periods of Lignacrete loadbearing and non-loadbearing walls are shown in Table 2, derived from the National Annex to BS EN 1996-1-2. This is applicable to all strengths of Lignacrete. The fire resistance of loadbearing walls is influenced by the proportion of the load on a wall, which is annotated in the National Annex as a ≤ 1.0 or a ≤ 0.6 . The fire values presented are based on the worst loading case (≤ 1.0) and can therefore be safely used for all loading conditions.

The thicknesses shown are for masonry alone, excluding finishes. For the fire resistance of walls with finishes, refer to the Lignacite Design Guide – Fire Resistance.

Table 2 – Fire Resistance

Lignacrete Solid blocks (Group 1 units) No finish	Non-loadbearing wall (criteria E1)	Loadbearing wall (criteria RE1)
100mm	3 hours	2 hours
140mm	4 hours	3 hours
215mm solid (100mm blocks laid flat)	4 hours	4 hours

Lignacrete Hollow blocks (Group 1 units) No finish	Non-loadbearing wall (criteria E1)	Loadbearing wall (criteria RE1)
140mm Hollow	4 hours	3 hours
215mm Hollow	4 hours	4 hours

Sound Properties

Lignacrete blockwork provides excellent levels of sound insulation between buildings and adjoining rooms. It can be used in cavity and solid party wall constructions in dwellings, satisfying the specifications for dense blockwork in accordance with Building Regulations' Approved Document E. It can also be used to construct party walls meeting Robust Detail specifications (e.g., Robust Details E-WM-1, 3, 16, 18 and 19). The Weighted Sound Reduction Index (Rw) values of various Lignacrete wall constructions are shown in Table 3.

Table 3 – Sound Reduction Values

Weighted Sound Reduction Index: Rw, (dB):

	Plaster finish	Plasterboard on dabs	Paint finish
100mm Solid	51	49	48
140mm Solid	55	53	53
215mm Solid – (100mm blocks laid flat)	58	57	58
140mm Hollow	52	48	48
215mm Hollow	55	52	53
200-215mm Collar-Jointed Wall	56	55	54

Table 3 Notes:

- (1) Sound insulation values are based on technical assessments and tests to BS EN ISO 140-3.
- (2) Surface finishes are assumed to be applied to both wall faces.
- (3) A collar jointed wall comprised 2 leaves of 100mm solid blocks laid back-to-back and tied together.
- (4) The sound values are applicable to all strengths of Lignacrete.
- (5) Values for painted walls assume use of Lignacrete Paint Grade blocks.

Lignacrete blockwork provides excellent levels of sound insulation between buildings and adjoining rooms. It can be used in cavity and solid party wall constructions in dwellings, satisfying the specifications for dense blockwork in accordance with Building Regulations' Approved Document E. It can also be used to construct party walls meeting Robust Detail specifications (e.g., Robust Details E-WM-1, 3, 16, 18 and 19). The Weighted Sound Reduction Index (Rw) values of various Lignacrete wall constructions are shown in Table 3.

Where a higher level of sound insulation is required, Lignacrete blockwork can be used in conjunction with a number of acoustic lining treatments, installed to one or both sides of the wall. Blockwork of 100mm and 140mm thickness has been tested and has resulted in specifications that are capable of achieving in excess of 60 Rw (dB).

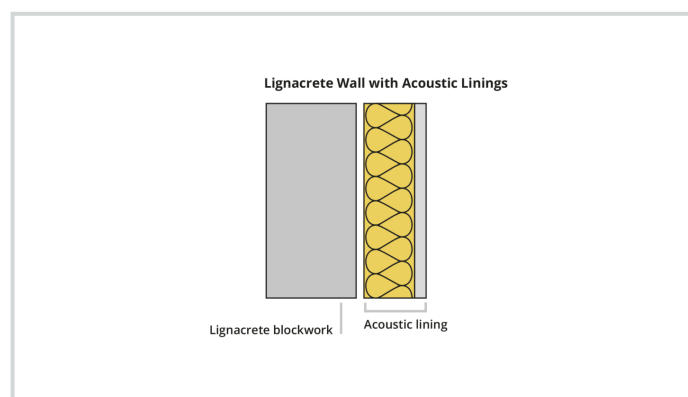


Table 4 – Lignacrete Wall with Acoustic Linings

Block Type	Acoustic Lining Specification	Weighted Sound Reduction Index Rw (dB)
100mm Lignacrete Paint Grade - Lining to one face	12mm Soundbloc or similar plasterboard on 50mm steel C stud located 20mm from the wall face, 50mm acoustic quilt between studs. All exposed edges fully sealed.	64
140mm Lignacrete Midi Paint Grade - Lining to one face	12.5mm Soundbloc or similar plasterboard on 50mm steel C stud located 20mm from the wall face, 50mm acoustic quilt between studs. All exposed edges fully sealed.	65

Table 4 Notes:

- (1) The acoustic lining should be adequately sealed at all exposed edges.

Thermal Properties

The thermal resistance values ($\text{m}^2 \text{K/W}$) for Lignacrete blocks are shown in Table 5. For solid blocks, the values are calculated by dividing the block thickness by its thermal conductivity (W/mK).

Table 5 – Thermal Resistance Values

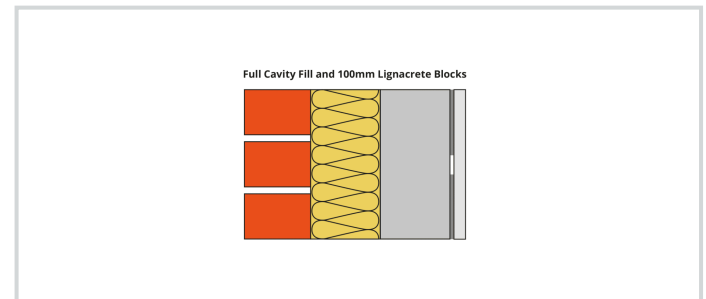
	Thermal Resistance ($\text{m}^2 \text{K/W}$): 3% m/c	Thermal Resistance ($\text{m}^2 \text{K/W}$): 5% m/c
100mm Solid	0.075	0.069
140mm Solid	0.105	0.097
140mm Solid (Midi size)	0.105	0.097
140mm Hollow	0.173	0.165
215mm Hollow	0.222	0.213

Table 5 Notes:

- (1) The values are applicable to blocks up to 17.5N/mm^2 strength.
 (2) 3% moisture content (m/c) should be used for protected locations, such as the inner leaf, and 5% for exposed locations, such as the outer leaf when rendered.

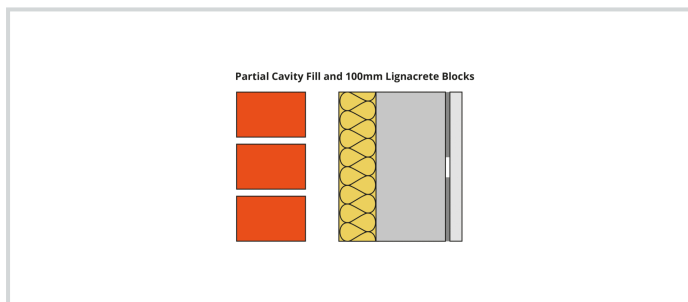
Presented in the tables below are the U-values for a range of wall constructions based on 100mm Lignacrete blocks with full and partial cavity insulation. The outer leaf is facing brick, but a rendered block outer leaf will usually achieve at least the same U-value.

Full Cavity Fill and 100mm Lignacrete Blocks



Cavity fill type	Internal finish - 12.5mm plasterboard on dabs U-values ($\text{W/m}^2 \text{K}$)	Internal finish - 13mm lightweight plaster U-values ($\text{W/m}^2 \text{K}$)
100mm DriTherm Cavity Slab 32 Ultimate	0.27	0.28
125mm DriTherm Cavity Slab 32 Ultimate	0.22	0.23
150mm DriTherm Cavity Slab 32 Ultimate	0.19	0.20
100mm Isover CWS 32	0.27	0.28
125mm Isover CWS 32	0.22	0.23
150mm Isover CWS 32	0.19	0.20
90mm Kingspan Kooltherm K106 (plus a 10mm cavity)	0.18	0.19
115mm Kingspan Kooltherm K106 (plus a 10mm cavity)	0.15	0.15
140mm Kingspan Kooltherm K106 (plus a 10mm cavity)	0.12	0.13
90mm Eurowall + (plus a 10mm cavity)	0.20	0.20
115mm Eurowall + (plus a 10mm cavity)	0.16	0.16
140mm Eurowall + (plus a 10mm cavity)	0.14	0.14
100mm Xtratherm Cavity Therm	0.19	0.20
125mm Xtratherm Cavity Therm	0.16	0.16
150mm Xtratherm Cavity Therm	0.13	0.14

Partial Cavity Fill and 100mm Lignacrete Blocks



Cavity fill type	Internal finish - 12.5mm plasterboard on dabs U-values (W/m ² K)	Internal finish - 13mm lightweight plaster U-values (W/m ² K)
60mm Celotex CW4000	0.25	0.26
75mm Celotex CW4000	0.22	0.22
100mm Celotex CW4000	0.17	0.18
60mm Kingspan Kooltherm K108	0.23	0.23
75mm Kingspan Kooltherm K108	0.19	0.20
100mm Kingspan Kooltherm K108	0.15	0.16
60mm Eurowall Cavity	0.25	0.26
75mm Eurowall Cavity	0.22	0.22
100mm Eurowall Cavity	0.17	0.18
100mm Rockwool Partial Fill	0.27	0.28
150mm Rockwool Partial Fill	0.19	0.20
170mm Rockwool Partial Fill	0.17	0.18
100mm Isover CWS 32	0.26	0.27
125mm Isover CWS 32	0.22	0.22
150mm Isover CWS 32	0.18	0.19

Cavity Fill Table's Notes:

- (1) The U-values shown are based on the use of various proprietary insulation products. Alternative products can be used, provided they can achieve an equivalent thermal resistance (m² K/W).
- (2) Wall ties are assumed to be stainless steel with a cross-sectional area of no more than 12.5mm² for structural cavities up to 125mm wide.
- (3) The suitability of full fill cavity insulation materials will depend on exposure conditions and should be confirmed by the designer. For partial cavity fill, a 50mm residual should be maintained (always check the manufacturer's guidance).

Sustainability

■ Environmental Management and Responsible Sourcing

Our manufacturing plants operate to a BSI certified Environmental Management System (EMS), which complies with ISO 14001. Lignacite Ltd also meets the requirements of BES 6001 – Framework Standard for the Responsible Sourcing of Construction Products (Certificate No: BES 580823).

This independently awarded Responsible Sourcing Certification confirms that we procure products responsibly and sustainably. This will allow credits to be gained under environment assessment schemes such as BREEAM.

■ Energy Management

Lignacite Ltd operates a BSI Certified energy management system in accordance with ISO 50001. (Certificate No. ENMS 751020).

Compliance with ISO 50001 is a valuable tool in helping to manage energy use and includes the following outputs.

- A policy for more efficient use of energy
- Fix targets and objectives to meet the policy
- Use data to better understand and make decisions about energy use
- Measure the results
- Review how well the policy works, and
- Continually improve energy management

■ Environmental Performance Declaration (EPD)

Key environmental performance data (in accordance with EN 15804+A2 and ISO 14025/ ISO 1930) can be found in the EPD for Lignacrete blocks.

Environmental Data Summary

Declared unit	1m ²
Declared unit mass	189 kg
GWP-fossil, A1-A3 (kgCO ₂ e)	18.2
GWP-total, A1-A3 (kgCO ₂ e)	18.5
Secondary material, inputs (%)	0.00841
Secondary material, outputs (%)	80
Total energy use, A1-A3 (kWh)	40.2
Total water use, A1-A3 (m ³ e)	1.33E0

Source – This data was taken from the EPD for the 7.3N Lignacrete solid block. EPDs for other Lignacrete blocks are available. [Click here for all EPDs.](#)

The declared unit is based on 1m² of 100mm thickness blocks.

The Life Cycle Stage (A1-A3) refers to the extraction, processing, transportation and manufacture of materials and products up to the point where they leave the factory gate to be taken to site.

The notation 'e' is an abbreviation for tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent.

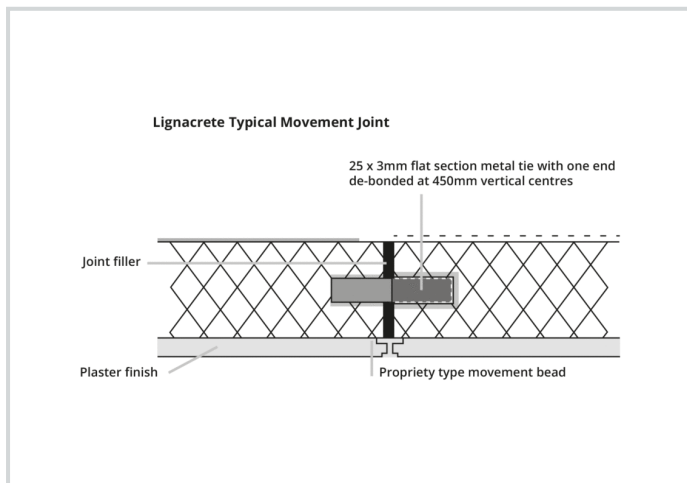
Design

■ Structural Design

The design of walls using Lignacrete blocks should be in accordance with relevant design standards, including BS 8103: Part 2 and BS EN 1996-1-1 and the requirements of the Building Regulations.

■ Movement Control

Vertical movement joints should be considered in accordance with masonry design codes and the recommendations of Published Document PD 6697, at 6.0-8.0 metre spacings. In areas of raised stress, such as above and below openings in external walls, the blockwork may need to be reinforced to restrain movement.



■ Mortar

Generally, the mortar type for work above ground level should be designation (iii) / Compressive Class M4. However, where it is needed to maximise the loadbearing capacity of the wall, designation (ii) / Compressive Class M6 mixes should be specified. Stronger mixes may also be required for work below ground.

Table 7 – Mortar Mixes

Mortar Designation (as per BS 5628-3)	Compressive Strength Class (as per BS EN 1996)	Recommended mix proportions of materials by volume
(iii)	M4	1:1:5 to 6 - Cement:Lime:Sand.
		1:5 to 6 - Cement:Sand with or without air entrainment.
		1:4 to 5 - Masonry Cement:Sand (with non-lime filler).
		1:3½:4 - Masonry Cement:Sand (with lime filler).
(ii)	M6	1:½:4-4½ - Cement:Lime: Sand.
		1:3 to 4 - Cement:Sand with or without air entrainment.
		1:2½:3½ - Masonry Cement:Sand (with non-lime filler).
		1:3 - Masonry Cement:Sand (with lime filler).

■ Service Life

When properly constructed, the durability of walls built using Lignacrete products will match that of walls of traditional masonry and will fulfil their intended function for the life of the building in which they have been installed (typically 100 years).

The blocks themselves will require no maintenance. Maintenance for walls will normally include the replacement of sealant in movement joints and at junctions / openings. Repointing for walls that are exposed to the elements may be necessary towards the end of its service life.

■ Wall Ties

Under normal conditions, wall ties should be embedded 50mm into the mortar on each leaf, staggered in alternate courses and spaced in accordance with the following.

Table 6 – Wall Tie Spacings

Leaf Thickness (mm)	Cavity Width (mm)	Horizontal Spacing (mm)	Vertical Spacing (mm)	Ties per m²
Less than 90mm	50 - 75	450	450	4.9
Over 90mm	50 - 150	900	450	2.5

Site Practice

■ Surface Finish Recommendations

Drylining

Standard plasterboard can be fixed with adhesive dabs or onto timber battens or metal studs.

Plaster

Dense plasters can be applied using either 1:1:6 cement:lime:sand or 1:4 ½ masonry cement:sand or 1:5 ½ cement:sand and plasticiser. It is advisable to use a bonding treatment prior to applying cement render plasters.

Lightweight plasters should be used in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Suitable plasters include British Gypsum's Thistle Carlite Bonding coat.

Finishing coats include British Gypsum's Thistle Multi-Finish.

Rendering

It is advisable to apply a bonding treatment to the wall such as Rendaid. Traditional renders should be applied in 2 coats with the first coat applied to a greater thickness than the top coat. The first coat should be 8-12mm thick and the top coat 6-8mm. The first coat should be slightly stronger than the second coat. Render designation iii/M4 should be used e.g., 1:1:5-6 cement, lime sand or 1:4-5 masonry cement, sand.

Builders considering the use of proprietary render systems must exercise caution to accurately adhere to the render manufacturer's design and specification instructions. Detailed guidance is also published in the NHBC Standards, Chapter 6.11- Render. Strictly adhere to the specific application instructions, paying particular attention to prevailing weather conditions and the minimum recommended thickness of single coat renders.

■ Safe Handling

For detailed advice, refer to Lignacite's Sitework Guide and the Material Safety Data sheet.

- Block packs may be stacked on firm and level surfaces to a maximum height of 2 packs. Consideration of handling equipment's suitability for site terrain and safety limits should also be given. Hand-operated pallet trucks may not be suitable unless pallets specific for this purpose are used and loads do not exceed the limits of the pallet truck or its operator(s). Care should be taken when opening packs that are wrapped or banded to ensure that items do not fall or otherwise endanger persons handling the blocks or those nearby.
- Handling of blocks should be undertaken in accordance with HSE Construction Sheet No. CIS77 'Preventing injury from handling heavy blocks' (Construction Industry Advisory Committee) and in accordance with the Manual Handling Regulations 1992 (as amended). This concludes that there is a high risk of injury to individuals who repetitively manually handle blocks in excess of 20 kg. Where practical, mechanical handling equipment should be used to transport block packs to the area of work.
- Blocks should not be installed if the temperature is at or below 3°C and falling.
- Blocks should always be laid on a full bed of mortar and vertical joints solidly filled.
- For walls built fair, sample panels are recommended and should be built prior to commencing block laying. This will serve as a benchmark for defining and specifying the quality of work required.
- Please note that for Paint Grade products, colour consistency is not guaranteed. It is advisable to view sample panels at a distance of approximately 3m from the wall in good natural light.

